# **CITY OF SANDY**

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



## CITY OF SANDY, OREGON

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by: City of Sandy, Finance Department

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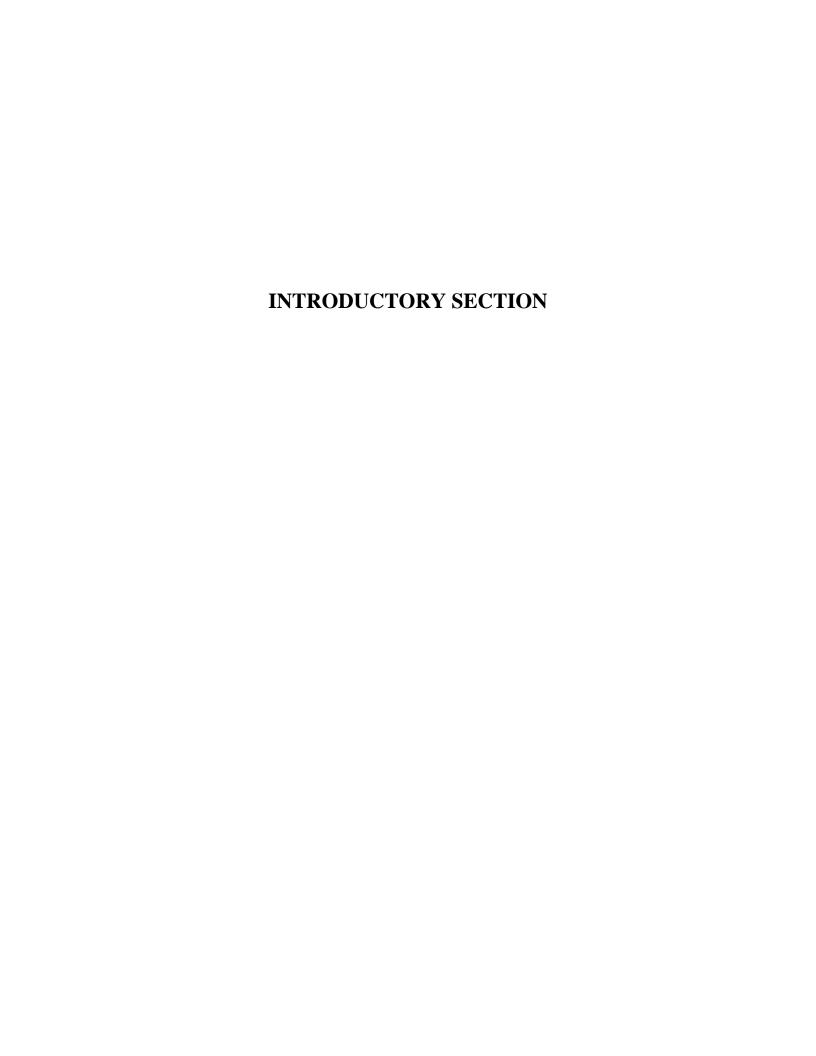
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December 30, 2019

Honorable Mayor Stan Pulliam, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Sandy:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Sandy, Oregon for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is hereby submitted.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control which should not exceed anticipated benefits. The objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introductions, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

### CITY AND THE GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE

**Location** – The City is located about 26 miles from downtown Portland and approximately 10 miles from the Portland Urban Area. Portland is the largest city in the State of Oregon. Over the past several decades, Sandy has gone through a change from being timber dependent to a more diversified economy.

Sandy is becoming increasingly popular as a recreational community. It serves as the last full-service city before entering the Mt. Hood recreational area. Skiing, hiking, hunting, and fishing are very popular in this area and the City attracts many visitors to do business in the City. Sandy has also been selected because of its location to serve as a hub for many events. Sandy is the home of the Sandy Mountain Festival which is estimated to attract over 50,000 people annually. Each year, tourism has become more important in stabilizing Sandy's economy. The City of Sandy's certified population in 2018 was 10,990. Extrapolating annual growth to 2019 yields an estimate of 11,075. In addition, Sandy is the commercial center of a rural area with a population of approximately 25,000.

**Government** – The City was incorporated in 1911. The governing body for the City of Sandy is the City Council. The Council is composed of the Mayor and six City Council members. They are all elected at-large (i.e., by all city voters); the Mayor serves a two-year term and the Council members serve four-year terms, with half the positions elected in the November general election of even-numbered years.

As with most Oregon cities, Sandy uses the "council-manager" form of government. The City Council members are unpaid volunteers who typically hold full-time jobs in other areas. They are responsible for all city policies, legislation, and the city budget. The City Council appoints a city manager, who is assigned responsibility of day-to-day operation of the city and a staff of 8 department directors with approximately 74 full-time equivalent employees (FTE).

The City provides a full range of municipal services which include police, a municipal court, community services, planning, building permit and inspection activities, economic development, library, transit, recreation, water, sewer, stormwater, construction and maintenance of streets, sidewalks, and other public facilities. The City also operates a wireless and fiber optic internet service. Fire service for the City of Sandy is provided by a special service district and is autonomous from the City. Financial data for the Sandy Fire District is not included in this report.

In addition to the above general government activities, the City has a Sandy Urban Renewal Agency (SURA). SURA is a legally separate entity first established in 1998 to address redevelopment of the <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> mile area of downtown Sandy. In 2008, the City adopted new design standards known as the "Sandy Style" and the debt limitation increased to \$18 million. The guidelines promote more attractive and appealing architecture in Sandy. In 2015 the debt limitation increased to \$67 million. The accompanying financial statements include the activities of SURA.

**Budget** – The City's budget is prepared for a 24-month period beginning July 1 of odd-numbered years. The City's budget is prepared in accordance with provisions of the Oregon Local Budget Law (ORS Chapter 294), which provides standard procedures for the preparation, presentation, administration and appraisal of budgets. The law mandates public involvement in budget preparation and public exposure of its proposed programs. More information on the budget is listed in the Notes on page 84.

### ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Since 2009, the economic growth and investment in Sandy has been over \$200 million dollars in a mix of residential and commercial development. This development increase is a combination of an easy commute to the nearby cities, the presence of high recreation, and education facilities that have strengthened the city's economic base. Residential and commercial permits have increased. The housing market continues to grow, with 45 new single-family home and several new multi-family unit permits, totaling 164 residences, were issued.

The City continues to examine opportunities to incrementally invest in services which meet the need of the growing community, while also maintaining existing capital assets in a manner that ensures future years are not overly burdened with costs of our most basic and vital infrastructure.

### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City's current and on-going planning efforts include annual goals set by the City Council, a comprehensive plan (the "Sandy 2040 Plan") and rolling six-year capital improvement plan supporting shorter-term strategic decisions. Developing and utilizing these plans enhances the City's ability to address future fiscal needs in a proactive and measured approach.

### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

Several significant initiatives, outlined below, ensure the City's continued economic health and ability to provide services to its residents and businesses.

**Arts Commission** – City Council appointed seven community members to serve on a the newly created Arts Commission. The Commission is tasked with advising Council in the creation, development, and implementation of public art activities and programming to enrich the visual and aesthetic environment of the community.

Community Campus Project – The City continued renovations and conceptual planning for the 40-acre school campus and aquatic center. Our vision is a multi-generational use community center, hiking trails, sports complex, in addition to an aquatic venue. Community surveys are underway to better understand the community's wants and needs, and to assist in the development of the conceptual plan for the campus.



SandyNet – The City of Sandy has come a long way in the last 16 years as an Internet Service Provider (ISP). SandyNet provides a combination of fiber access for



residents and businesses, Wi-Fi, and phone service to customers. SandyNet continues to be recognized at the regional and national level.



**Fiber-To-The-Home (FTTH)** – Sandy is now a fiber connected community offering an improved quality of life and will provide a foundation of fiber fueled economic development for years to come. The City has the ability to get services to 100% of residential homes. Approximately 74% of residential homes currently have active service.

### INDEPENDENT AUDIT

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The firm, Merina & Company, LLP, was selected by the City. The auditors have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The independent auditor's opinion is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

### CERTIFICICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Sandy for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 28<sup>th</sup> year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only and to obtain it the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The preparation of this report was made possible by the dedicated service of the finance and administration departments. We wish to thank all the departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report.

Credit also is due to the Mayor, City Council, and the Budget Committee for their interest and support in planning and conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and professional manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Tyler Deems

Tyler Deems

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Sandy Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



### **ELECTED CITY OFFICIALS**

NAME TERM EXPIRES

Mayor

Stan Pulliam December 2020

**Councilors** 

Jeremy PietzoldDecember 2022Laurie SmallwoodDecember 2022John HamblinDecember 2020Jan LeeDecember 2020Carl ExnerDecember 2022Bethany ShultzDecember 2020

**CITY STAFF** 

City ManagerFinance DirectorPolice ChiefJordan WheelerTyler DeemsErnie Roberts

Library DirectorPlanning DirectorPublic Works DirectorSarah McIntyreKelly O' Neill Jr.Mike Walker

Community Services DirectorIT DirectorTransit DirectorTanya RichardsonGreg BrewsterAndi Howell

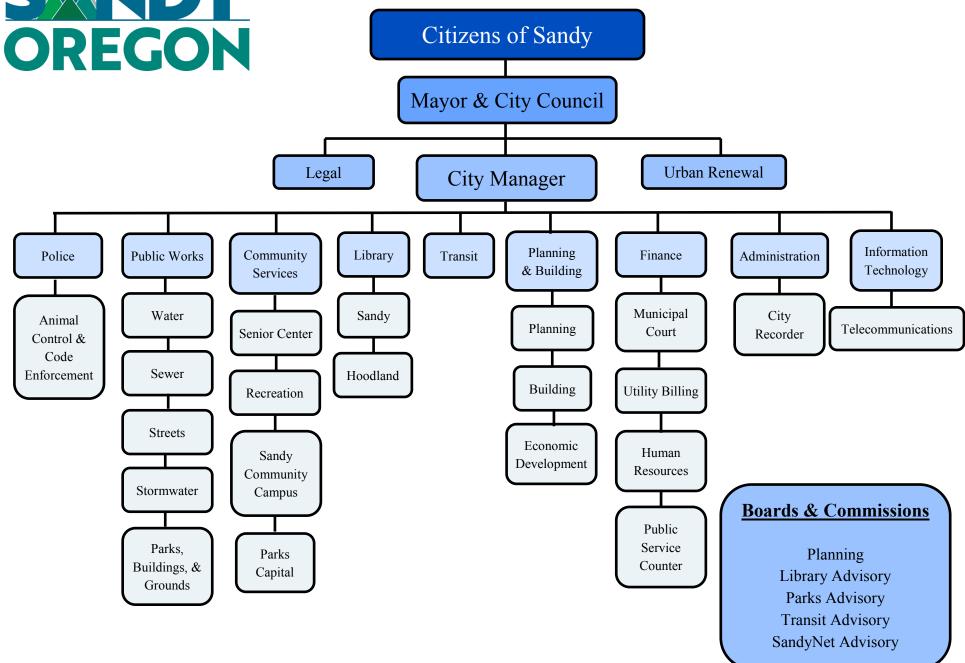
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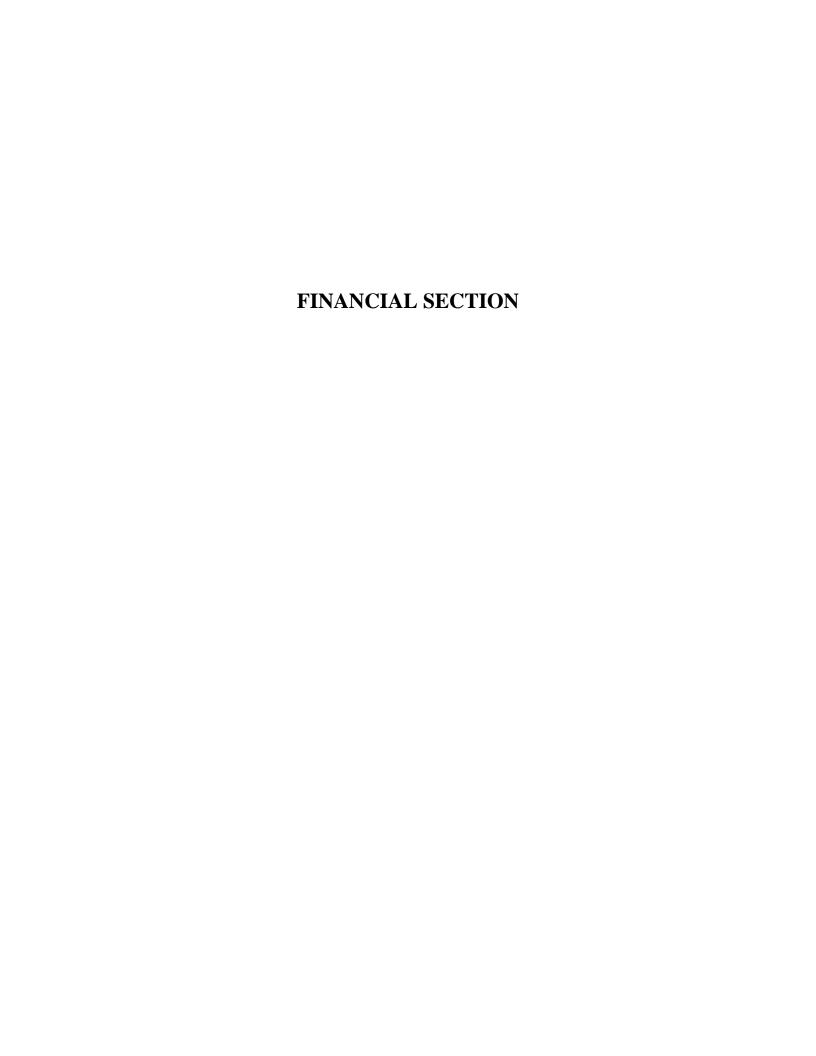


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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Sandy, Oregon

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sandy, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Sandy, Oregon's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

City of Sandy Oregon's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sandy, Oregon, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



### **Change in Accounting Principle**

As discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements, the City of Sandy adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of contributions, schedule of the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) (RHIA), schedule of contributions - OPEB (RHIA), schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios (CIS), and schedule of contributions - OPEB (CIS), as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Sandy, Oregon's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Sandy, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sandy, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Sandy, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

### Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Sandy, Oregon's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon December 30, 2019

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Sandy for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal on pages i to iv and the financial statements that follow.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ➤ The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Sandy exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$46,138,506. Of this amount, \$2,578,376 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ➤ The City's total net position increased by \$1,681,736. This is mainly due to an increase is charges for services, as well as a reduction in expenses. See Table 1 Summary of Net Position for more details.
- The City's governmental activities reported total net position of \$31,251,135, which is an increase of \$1,409,373.
- ➤ The City's business-type activities reported total net position of \$14,887,371, which is an increase of \$272,363 from the prior year. Approximately 11% of the total, or \$1,625,918, is unrestricted and thus available for spending at the City's discretion.
- The City of Sandy's total outstanding debt decreased by \$1,438,174 during the fiscal year.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The following discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Sandy's basic financial statements. The statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

**Government-wide financial statements**. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Sandy's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *Statement of Position* presents information on all assets of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long term debt). Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Sandy is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, referred to as government activities, from business functions intended to recover their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report

Governmental activities of the City include the following:

- **❖** General government
- Public safety
- Highways and streets
- Culture and recreation
- \* Economic development

Business-type activities of the City include the following:

- Water
- Sewer
- \* Telecommunications
- **❖** Stormwater

**Fund financial statements**. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Sandy, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City's funds are divided into three categories:

- Governmental funds
- Proprietary funds
- Fiduciary funds

Governmental funds are used to account for City functions that are supported primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Sandy maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Street Fund, Urban Renewal Agency Fund, Transit Fund, Aquatic/Recreation Center Fund, City FFC Debt Service Fund, and Parks Capital Projects Fund.

All of the funds considered to be major funds are shown on page 17.

*Proprietary Funds* are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent is that the costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent four segments of operations: Water, Sewer, Stormwater and Telecommunications.

Additionally, the government reports the Operations Center Internal Service Fund as a proprietary fund. An internal service fund is used to account for an activity that provides goods or services to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. This internal service fund is to pool resources from departments that occupy the Operations Center building to allocate costs associated with shared invoices. Revenue sources are transfers from the Water, Sewer, Stormwater, Street, Transit, and General Funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 22 of this report.

*Fiduciary funds* are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The fiduciary fund financial statements begin on page 29 of this report.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.** The Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and are found on pages 31 through 68 of this report.

**Required Supplementary Information.** Supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and major special revenue funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on page 70 of this report.

**Other Supplementary Information.** The budgetary comparison schedules for capital projects and the proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

### **Statement of Net Position:**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indictor of a government's financial position. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred outflow of resources by \$46,138,506. Table 1, on the next page, reflects a Summary of Net Position compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 1 Summary of Net Position (in thousands)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities		Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	+ (-)
Current assets	\$ 18,570	\$ 16,373	\$ 4,411	\$ 3,943	\$ 22,981	\$ 20,316	\$2,665
Other assets	41	-	318	307	359	307	52
Capital assets	28,178	29,122	28,259	28,856	56,437	57,978	(1,541)
Total assets	46,789	45,495	32,988	33,106	79,777	78,601	1,176
Deferred outflows of resources	2,559	2,137	499	417	3,058	2,554	505
Other liabilities	1,716	1,671	1,389	1,114	3,105	2,785	320
Long term debt outstanding	15,917	15,902	17,118	17,753	33,035	33,655	(620)
Total liabilities	17,633	17,573	18,507	18,867	36,140	36,440	(299)
Deferred inflows of resources	464	218	92	40	556	258	298
Net position:							
Net investment in capital	21,021	21,269	11,525	11,457	32,546	32,726	(181)
Restricted for:							
Debt Service	-	-	1,736	167	1,736	167	1,569
System Development Charges	4,662	3,628	-	-	4,662	3,628	1,034
State/Local Gas Tax	1,429	1,138	-	-	1,429	1,138	291
Parks Projects	780	362	-	-	780	362	418
Peg fees	2	2	-	-	2	2	-
Urban renewal projects	2,406	4,833	-	-	2,406	4,833	(2,427)
Unrestricted	952	(1,390)	1,626	2,990	2,578	1,600	978
Total net position	\$ 31,251	\$ 29,842	\$ 14,887	\$ 14,615	\$ 46,139	\$ 44,457	\$ 1,682

By far the largest portion of the City of Sandy's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Sandy uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Sandy's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

In addition, approximately 25% of the City of Sandy's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$2,578,376 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Sandy reported a negative unrestricted balance for governmental activities. Additional information on this is detailed in the Notes. The City of Sandy is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position for business-type activities; the same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

However, the City of Sandy's overall net position increased by \$1,681,736 from the prior year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

### **Analysis of Changes in Net Position:**

The Table 2 below summarizes revenues and expenses for the current fiscal year and provides a comparison to prior year.

Table 2
City of Sandy's Changes in Net Position
(in thousands)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	tal	Total Change
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	+ (-)
REVENUES							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 2,343	\$ 2,624	\$ 5,444	\$ 5,183	\$ 7,787	\$ 7,807	\$ (20)
Operating grants and contributions	131	251	-	-	131	251	(120)
Capital grants and contributions	1,334	1,150	-	-	1,334	1,150	184
General revenues							
Property taxes	5,078	4,875	-	-	5,078	4,875	203
Franchise fees and public services taxes	4,133	3,890	-	-	4,133	3,890	243
Interest and investment earnings	403	249	133	61	536	310	226
Other	261	237	183	98	444	335	109
Total revenues	13,683	13,276	5,760	5,342	19,443	18,618	825
EXPENSES							
General Government	2,065	1,037	-	-	2,065	1,037	1,028
Highways and streets	1,049	751	-	-	1,049	751	298
Public transportation	1,489	1,492	-	-	1,489	1,492	(3)
Economic development	1,261	912	-	-	1,261	912	349
Public safety	3,323	3,286	-	-	3,323	3,286	37
Culture and recreation	2,954	2,796	-	-	2,954	2,796	158
Interest on long-term debt	244	264	-	-	244	264	(20)
Water	-	-	1,622	1,653	1,622	1,653	(31)
Wastewater	-	-	1,782	1,755	1,782	1,755	27
Stormwater	-	-	308	289	308	289	19
Telecommunications	-	-	1,662	1,542	1,662	1,542	120
Total Expenses	12,387	10,538	5,374	5,239	17,761	15,777	1,984
Increase in net position before transfers	1,296	2,737	385	103	1,681	2,840	(1,159)
Transfers	113	119	(113)	(119)	-,,,,,	-,	-
Changes in net position	1,409	2,856	272	(16)	1,681	2,840	(1,159)
Net position, July 1	29,842	27,207	14,615	14,674	44,457	41,881	2,576
Prior period adjustment		(221)		(43)		(264)	264
Net position, June 30	\$ 31,251	\$ 29,842	\$ 14,887	\$ 14,615	\$ 46,139	\$ 44,457	\$ 1,682

Governmental activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for government activities increased by \$1,409,373 from the prior year for an ending balance of \$31,251,135. The net change is a result of increases in general revenues, specifically property taxes and franchise fees and public services taxes.

Business-type activities. For the City of Sandy's business-type activities, the results for the current fiscal year relatively flat. The total increase in net position for business-type activities (water, sewer, stormwater and telecommunication) was \$272,363. The Water Fund and Telecommunications Fund had a positive change in net position of \$298,889 and \$62,955, respectively. The Sewer Fund and Storm Water Fund had a negative change in net position of \$28,772 and \$60,709 respectively. Compared to the prior year, operating revenues increased by approximately 8%, and operating expenses increased by approximately 2%. Acquisitions of capital

assets and principal payments on long-term debt are not reported as direct expenses, but are reported as additions to assets and reductions to liabilities respectively on the Statement of Net Positions.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Sandy's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Sandy's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned and assigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Although assigned fund balance has been allocated for some purpose, the amount can be reallocated at the discretion of the City Council.

At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Sandy's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$17,117,110. Approximately 29% percent of this total amount (\$4,934,216) constitutes assigned and unassigned fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been designated as non-spendable or restricted. For more information about fund balance designations, see Note 1 L. in the Notes to the Financial Statements beginning on page 31.

The *General Fund* is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the audited fiscal year, the General Fund decreased by \$213,213 from the prior year, due to an increase in general government and economic development expenses.

The *Street Fund* provides for the maintenance and construction of City streets. The fund had a substantial increase of \$847,238 from the prior year. This increase is a result of an increase in public service taxes and system development charges, as well as limited spending on capital projects.

The *Urban Renewal Fund* increased by \$478,445, largely due to a decrease in capital outlay and an increase in property tax revenue.

The *Transit Fund* balance increased by \$421,980 as capital outlay was minimal during the fiscal year.

The *Other Governmental Funds*, which includes the Parks Capital Projects Fund, the City FFC Debt Service Fund, and the Aquatic/Recreation Center Fund, increased by \$989,531. This increase is due in part to a significant increase in system development charges in the Parks Capital Projects Fund.

**Proprietary funds**. The City's proprietary funds are comprised of the enterprise funds. An enterprise fund is used to account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for services. These funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Overall the proprietary funds are stable. The Water Fund saw an increase in fund balance of \$298,889. The Sewer Fund and Stormwater Fund had a slight decrease of \$28,772 and \$60,709 respectively. The Telecommunications Fund's fund balance increased by \$62,995. This is largely due to an increase in charges for services.

### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, there were two budget adjustments to the original budget that impacted the General Fund. The first adjustment was to reallocate general revenue to different General Fund departments. The second was allocate contingency funds to cover additional expenses in the Police Department.

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City of Sandy's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$56,437,039 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, motor vehicles and equipment, office furniture and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. The total net increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 3%.

On the following page, Tables 3 and 4 summarizes capital assets and changes as of June 30, 2019.

Table 3
City of Sandy's Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation as of June 30
(in thousands)

		Govern	ment	al	Busines	pe						
	Activities				Activ			To	Change			
		2019		2018	2019		2018		2019	2018		+ (-)
					4.400		4.400			Φ.		
Land	\$	4,207	\$	4,207	\$ 1,100	\$	1,100	\$	5,307	\$	5,307	\$ -
Construction in Progress		773		3,567	332		82		1,105		3,649	(2,544)
Improvements		7,468		7,636	25,021		25,710		32,489		33,346	(857)
Buildings		14,219		11,790	636		655		14,855		12,445	2,410
Furniture and equipment		389		398	1,042		1,121		1,431		1,519	(88)
Vehicles		912		1,286	129		189		1,041		1,475	(434)
Intangible Assets		211		237					211		237	(26)
Total	\$	28,178	\$	29,121	\$ 28,259	\$	28,857	\$	56,437	\$	57,978	\$ (1,541)

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

- ❖ Governmental Activities
  - o Police Computers \$94,336
  - o Completion of Fire District Improvements
- Business-Type Activities
  - o Sewer Flow Splitter \$125,093
  - o Sewer Facility Plan Improvements \$312,539
  - o Telecommunications Fund Fiber Network & Equipment \$163,501

Table 4
City of Sandy's Changes in Capital Assets
(in thousands)

	Governmental Activitites					iness-typ	e A	ctivities	Total				
		2019		2018	2019		2018		2019			2018	
Beginning balance	\$	29,122	\$	24,991	\$	28,857	\$	29,477	\$	57,978	\$	54,468	
Additions		3,609		5,714		633		633		4,242		6,347	
Depreciation		(1,576)		(1,421)		(1,230)		(1,253)		(2,806)		(2,674)	
Deletions		(2,977)		(161)						(2,977)		(161)	
Ending balance	\$	28,178	\$	29,121	\$	28,259	\$	28,857	\$	56,437	\$	57,978	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements – Note 5.

**Long-term debt**. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$27,155,359. The City's total debt decreased by \$1,438,174 (approximately 5%). During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 all scheduled debt payments were met.

On the following page, Table 5 summarizes outstanding debt as of June 30, 2019.

Table 5
City of Sandy's Outstanding Debt
as of June 30
(in thousands)

	Govern	men	t	Bus	ines	S				7	Total
	Activ	ities		Activities				To	Change		
	2019	2018		2019		2018	2019		2018	+ (-)	
Bonds payable	\$ 9,140	\$	498	\$ 8,030	\$	8,363	\$	17,170	\$ 8,861	\$	8,309
Bond premium	-		-	207		220		207	220		(13)
Notes payable	922	1	0,325	8,497		8,815		9,419	19,140		(9,721)
Compensated absences	314		323	45		49		359	372		(13)
Total	\$ 10,377	\$1	1,146	\$16,779	\$	\$ 17,447		27,155	\$ 28,593	\$	(1,438)

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt an Oregon municipality may issue to 3% of total real market value of all taxable property within its boundary. The current debt amount is well within the limits set by state statute.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8.

### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide users with a general overview of the City of Sandy's financial condition and demonstrate the City's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Tyler Deems, Finance Director, at 39250 Pioneer Blvd., Sandy, Oregon 97055.



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# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include interrelated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- ➤ Government-Wide Financial Statements
- > Fund Financial Statements
  - Governmental Funds
  - Proprietary Funds
  - Fiduciary Funds

In addition, the notes to the basic financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



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	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,663,409	\$ 4,874,822	\$ 21,538,231
Property taxes receivable	143,729	-	143,729
Due from other governments Accounts receivable, net	16,464	405.026	16,464
Accounts receivable, net Inventories	382,385	485,826 161,383	868,211 161,383
Prepaid	73,764	101,363	73,764
Long term receivable	82,876	-	82,876
Internal balances	1,110,867	(1,110,867)	62,670
Grants receivable	86,278	(1,110,007)	86,278
Notes receivable	10,002	_	10,002
Total current assets	18,569,774	4,411,164	22,980,938
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	171,057	171,057
Notes receivable		138,675	138,675
Net OPEB asset	41,165	8,029	49,194
Capital assets:	11,100	0,02)	.,,.,
Nondepreciable	4,979,812	1,431,792	6,411,604
Depreciable, net	23,198,641	26,826,794	50,025,435
Total noncurrent assets	28,219,618	28,576,347	56,795,965
Total assets	46,789,392	32,987,511	79,776,903
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred outflow related to pension	2,522,699	492,058	3,014,757
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	36,528	7,123	43,651
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,559,227	499,181	3,058,408
Total assets & deferred outflows of resources	\$ 49,348,619	\$ 33,486,692	\$ 82,835,311
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 650,646	\$ 261,928	\$ 912,574
Interest payable	27,451	202,643	230,094
Deposits	116,531	3,956	120,487
Current portion of accrued compensated absences payable	62,827	8,995	71,822
Current portion of long-term debt	858,446	911,519	1,769,965
Total current liabilities	1,715,901	1,389,041	3,104,942
N. C.			
Noncurrent liabilities:	251 210	25.005	207.205
Noncurrent portion of accrued compensated absences payable	251,310	35,985	287,295
Net pension liability	6,236,006	1,216,349	7,452,355
Net OPEB liability Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	225,574	43,999	269,573
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	9,204,224	15,822,053	25,026,277
Total noncurrent liabilities	15,917,114	17,118,386	33,035,500
Total liabilities	17,633,015	18,507,427	36,140,442
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred inflow related to pension	396,472	77,332	473,804
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	67,997	14,562	82,559
Total deferred inflows of resources	464,469	91,894	556,363
	404,409	91,894	330,303
NET POSITION:		11.55501	22.5
Net investment in capital assets	21,021,025	11,525,014	32,546,039
Restricted for:		1.506.400	1 72 6 42 6
Debt service	4 662 055	1,736,439	1,736,439
System development charges	4,662,055	-	4,662,055
State/local gas tax Peg fees	1,428,568	-	1,428,568
·	1,507 779,510	-	1,507 779,510
Park projects Urban renewal projects	2,406,012	-	2,406,012
Urrestricted	2,406,012 952,458	1,625,918	2,578,376
Total net position	31,251,135	14,887,371	46,138,506
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 49,348,619	\$ 33,486,692	\$ 82,835,311

		Program Revenues										
				О	perating		Capital					
		C	harges for	G	rants and	(	Grants and					
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services	Coı	ntributions	Co	ontributions					
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 2,065,301	\$	651,443	\$	56,693	\$	-					
Highways and streets	1,049,406		604,931		-		-					
Public transportation	1,489,038		84,325		74,350		861,841					
Economic development	1,261,402		381,667		-		-					
Public safety	3,323,381		390,973		-		-					
Culture and recreation	2,954,012		229,708		-		471,717					
Interest on long-term debt	244,277											
Total governmental activities	12,386,817		2,343,047		131,043		1,333,558					
Business type activities:												
Water Fund	1,622,486		1,867,056		-		-					
Sewer Operations	1,781,677		1,700,079		-		-					
Storm Water Fund	307,833		256,173		-		-					
Telecommunications Fund	 1,662,419		1,620,360									
Total business type activities	 5,374,415		5,443,668									
Total government	\$ 17,761,232	\$	7,786,715	\$	131,043	\$	1,333,558					

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Public service taxes

Franchise fees

Interest and investment earnings

Other revenues

Transfers in (out)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net Expense Revenue and Change in Net Position

	C	Change	in Net Positio	n	
		I	Business		
G	overnmental		Type		
	Activities	A	Activities		Total
\$	(1,357,165)	\$	-	\$	(1,357,165)
	(444,475)		-		(444,475)
	(468,522)		-		(468,522)
	(879,735)		_		(879,735)
	(2,932,408)		_		(2,932,408)
	(2,252,587)		-		(2,252,587)
	(244,277)		_		(244,277)
	(= : :,= ; ; )				(= 1 1)= 7 7 7
	(8,579,169)		_		(8,579,169)
	(0,075,105)			-	(0,075,105)
	-		244,570		244,570
	_		(81,598)		(81,598)
	_		(51,660)		(51,660)
	_		(42,059)		(42,059)
			(12,000)		(12,000)
	-		69,253		69,253
	(8,579,169)		69,253		(8,509,916)
	5,078,313		-		5,078,313
	3,488,345		_		3,488,345
	644,273		_		644,273
	403,282		133,194		536,476
	261,295		182,950		444,245
	113,034		(113,034)		-
	113,034		(113,034)		
	9,988,542		203,110		10,191,652
	1,409,373		272,363		1,681,736
	29,841,762		14,615,008		44,456,770
\$	31,251,135	\$	14,887,371	\$	46,138,506

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Major Governmental Funds

### **General Fund**

This fund accounts for all activities not accounted for by other funds of the City. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, franchise fees, state and county shared revenues, and licenses and permits. Primary expenditures are made for police protection, culture and recreation, and general government.

### **Street Fund**

State Tax Street Fund accounts for revenue derived from the state gas tax that is used for repair, maintenance and construction of streets.

### **Urban Renewal Agency Fund**

Urban Renewal Agency Fund accounts for revenues from tax increment financing (property taxes) that are used to fund the urban renewal plan.

### **Transit Fund**

Transit Fund accounts for revenue from a 0.6% employer payroll tax and intergovernmental sources that are used to operate the Sandy Area Metro (SAM) transit service.

No.   Conta and conjunitaries   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$		Ger	neral Fund	S	treet Fund		oan Renewal gency Fund	Ti	ransit Fund	Go	Other	G	Total Sovernmental
September   Sep	ASSETS			_			5						
Property taxos receivable   9.5 %   47.86 %   14.86 %   16.44 %   16.01 %   16.02 %   16.04 %   16.02 %		S	2.162.788	\$	5.162.193	\$	5.318.028	\$	1.714.391	S	1.974.586	\$	16.331.986
Description other poverumentials					-				-		-		
Perpaids   17.5%			10,941		-		5,523		-		-		16,464
Internation	Accounts receivable, net		100,518		100,222		25,765		155,880		-		382,385
Note receivable	Prepaids		17,586		-		-		56,178		-		73,764
Mathematical   Same	Interfund loan receivable		-		-		-		810,442		-		810,442
Mathematic	Notes receivable		-		10,002		-		-		-		10,002
Total sects	Long term receivable		82,876		-		-		-		-		82,876
Total assets	Grants receivable		-		-		-		86,278		-		86,278
Maintail	Due from other funds		656,698		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				656,698
Accounts payable and other current liabilities   \$271,988   \$246,510   \$43,585   \$80,793   \$6,347   \$694,223     Total liabilities   \$744,792   \$246,510   \$43,585   \$80,793   \$6,347   \$356,273     Total liabilities   \$744,792   \$246,510   \$43,585   \$80,793   \$6,347   \$1,122,027     DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES   \$84,926   \$42,340   \$86,278   \$6,278   \$2,282,221     Total deferred inflows of resources   \$84,926   \$131,941   \$10,002   \$42,340   \$86,278   \$6,278   \$2,282,221     TOUR DEALANCES   \$84,926   \$131,941   \$10,002   \$42,340   \$86,278   \$6,278   \$2,282,221     TOUR DEALANCES   \$85,000   \$1,425,508   \$6,278   \$6,278   \$1,074,718   \$4,662,055     Streed and roadside maintenance   \$1,425,508   \$1,074,718   \$4,662,055     Streed and roadside maintenance   \$1,425,508   \$1,074,718   \$4,662,055     Peg fees   \$1,507   \$1,225,508   \$1,074,718   \$4,662,055     Peg fees   \$1,507   \$1,225,508   \$1,074,718   \$4,662,055     Peg fees   \$1,507   \$1,225,508   \$1,074,718	Total assets	\$	3,127,273	\$	5,272,417	\$	5,397,179	\$	2,823,169	\$	1,974,586	\$	18,594,624
Deposits Interfund loan payable   356.27s   .													
Total liabilities	Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$		\$	246,510	\$	43,585	\$	80,793	\$	6,347	\$	
Total liabilities					-		-		-		-		
Deference   Defension   Defe	Interfund loan payable		356,273		-		-		-				356,273
Manyaliable revenue - property taxes   84,926   .   42,340   .   .   .   .   .   .   .   .   .	Total liabilities		744,792		246,510		43,585		80,793		6,347		1,122,027
Manyaliable revenue - property taxes   84,926   .   42,340   .   .   .   .   .   .   .   .   .	DEFENDED INELOWS OF DESCRIBES												
Total deferred inflows of resources   131,941   10,002			94.026				12 240						127 266
Total deferred inflows of resources   216,867   10,002   42,340   86,278   .   355,487					10.002		42,340		96 279		-		
Restricted:   Restricted:   System development charges   3.587,337   1.074,718   4.662,055   Street and roadside maintenance   1.428,568   1.074,718   1.428,568	Unavailable revenue - receivables		151,941	_	10,002				80,278				220,221
Restricted:   System development charges   3,587,337   0,1074,718   4,662,055     Street and roadside maintenance   1,478,568   0,1074,718   4,662,055     Peg fees   1,507   0   0,779,510     Park projects   0   0   0,5311,254   0,779,510     Urban renewal projects   0   0,5311,254   0,5311,254     Assigned:                         Public transportation   0   0   0,5311,254   0,5311,254     Special revenue fund   0   0,5311,254   0,501,000     Urbanseigned, reported in:   0   0,5311,254   0,501,000     Total fund balance   2,164,107   0   0,5311,254   0,560,098   1,968,239   17,117,110     Total fund balance   2,164,107   0,501,000   0,5311,254   0,560,098   1,968,239   17,117,110     Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance   3,31,27,273   5,527,417   5,5397,179   5,2823,169   5,1974,586     Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:   Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.   Q15,587     Pension related changes.   Q6Herolog-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not deferred outflows in the funds.   Urbanilable revenue   Urba	Total deferred inflows of resources		216,867		10,002		42,340		86,278				355,487
System development charges   3.587,337													
1,428,568   1,507   1,428,568   1,507   1,428,568   1,507					3 587 337						1 074 718		4 662 055
Peg faces   1,507   -			_				_				1,074,718		
Park projects  Public transportation Special revenue fund  1			1 507		1,420,300		_						
Assigned: Public transportation Special revenue fund Unassigned, reported in: General fund  2,164,107  Total fund balance  2,165,614  3,127,273  3,5,272,417  Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related changes.  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities in the statement of net position.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  (10,404,258)			1,507		_		_		_		779 510		
Assigned: Public transportation Special revenue fund Unassigned, reported in: General fund Unassigned, reported in:  Total fund balance  2,164,107  Total fund balance  2,165,614  5,015,905  5,311,254  2,656,098  1,968,239  17,117,110  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance  3,127,273  5,527,2417  5,5397,179  2,823,169  1,968,239  1,7117,110  Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related changes.  Ofter long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  (10,404,258)			_		_		5 311 254		_		777,510		
Public transportation Special revenue fund Unassigned, reported in: General fund  2,164,107  Total fund balance  2,165,614  2,165,619  2,164,107  2,164,10							3,311,231						3,311,231
Special revenue fund Unassigned, reported in: General fund  Date of the posterior of the post in the statement of net position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  OPEB related changes.  OPEB related changes.  OPEB related changes.  Unavailable revenue  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period at the funds.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period at the funds.  [10,404.258]	=		_		_		_		2 656 098		_		2 656 098
Unassigned, reported in: General fund  2,164,107  Total fund balance  2,165,614  5,015,905  5,311,254  2,656,098  1,968,239  17,117,110  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance  S,3,127,273  S,5,272,417  S,5,397,179  S,2,823,169  S,1,974,586  Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related changes.  OPEB related changes.  OPEB related changes.  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  [10,404,258]	•		_		_		_		2,050,050		114 011		
General fund 2,164,107 2,164,107  Total fund balance 2,165,614 5,015,905 5,311,254 2,656,098 1,968,239 17,117,110  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance 5 3,127,273 5,272,417 5,397,179 2,2823,169 1,974,586  Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related changes. (4,109,779)  OPEB related changes. (215,878)  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue 355,487  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (10,404,258)											11.,011		11.,011
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance  \$ 3,127,273    \$ 5,272,417    \$ 5,397,179    \$ 2,823,169    \$ 1,974,586			2,164,107				-						2,164,107
Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related changes.  OPEB related changes.  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  (10,404,258)	Total fund balance		2,165,614		5,015,905		5,311,254		2,656,098		1,968,239		17,117,110
Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related changes.  OPEB related changes.  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  (10,404,258)	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund												
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related changes.  OPEB related changes.  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue  355,487  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  330,000  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  (10,404,258)		\$	3,127,273	\$	5,272,417	\$	5,397,179	\$	2,823,169	\$	1,974,586		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related changes.  OPEB related changes.  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue  355,487  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  (10,404,258)		diffe	rent because:										
OPEB related changes. (215,878)  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue 355,487  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. 330,000  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (10,404,258)							are not financ	ial res	ources and,				28,178,453
OPEB related changes. (215,878)  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue 355,487  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. 330,000  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (10,404,258)		Pensi	ion related cha	anges.									(4,109,779)
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue  355,487  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  330,000  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  (10,404,258)		OPE	B related char	iges.									
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred outflows in the funds.  Unavailable revenue  355,487  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  330,000  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  (10,404,258)		Othe	r long-term as	sets s	re not availabl	e to n	av for current-	neriod					
administrative services department to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  330,000  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  (10,404,258)			nditures and, t	herefo	ore, are deferre	d outf							355,487
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (10,404,258)		admi liabil	nistrative serv ities of the int	rices d	lepartment to in service fund an	ndivid	ual funds. The	e asset	s and				330,000
Net position \$ 31,251,135								and pa	yable in the				(10,404,258)
			Net position									\$	31,251,135

	General Fund	Street Fund	Urban Renewal Agency Fund
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 3,472,831	\$ -	\$ 1,758,506
Public service taxes	1,693,686	1,117,592	-
Franchise fees	640,785	-	-
Grants	290,123	-	-
Charges for services	535,930	-	-
Licenses and permits	403,748	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	212,824	_	-
Special assessments	<u>-</u>	18,318	_
System development charges	_	586,613	_
Interest	71,239	110,959	130,396
Contributions and donations	6,440	-	150,570
Intergovernmental	0,110	_	
Miscellaneous	187,119	56,831	_
Indirect service	187,119	30,631	-
indirect service	<del>-</del> _		
Total revenues	7,514,725	1,890,313	1,888,902
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	906,714	-	-
Highways and streets	-	893,112	-
Public transportation	-	· <u>-</u>	-
Economic development	994,366	_	81,965
Public safety	2,741,413	_	-
Culture and recreation	2,481,919	_	_
Capital outlay	210,785	34,171	431,226
Debt service:	210,703	3 1,171	131,220
Principal	142,317	60,287	
Interest	20,320	2,657	117,994
merest	20,320	2,037	117,994
Total expenditures	7,497,834	990,227	631,185
Revenues over (under) expenditures	16,891	900,086	1,257,717
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Issuance of debt	94,336	_	_
Sale of capital assets	3,467	267	_
Transfers in	490,419		_
Transfers out	(818,326)	(53,115)	(779,272)
Transfers out	(616,520)	(33,113)	(117,212)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(230,104)	(52,848)	(779,272)
Net changes in fund balances	(213,213)	847,238	478,445
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	2,378,827	4,168,667	4,832,809
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 2,165,614	\$ 5,015,905	\$ 5,311,254

	Other	Total
Transit Fund	Governmental	Governmental
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,231,337
677,067	ψ - -	3,488,345
-	6,217	647,002
919,549		1,209,672
84,325	99,597	719,852
-	-	403,748
_	_	212,824
_	-	18,318
-	381,667	968,280
54,398	36,187	403,179
-	471,717	478,157
74,350	-	74,350
19,111	-	263,061
	2,025	2,025
1,828,800	997,410	14,120,150
-	489,232	1,395,946
_	-	893,112
1,322,489	-	1,322,489
· · · · · -	-	1,076,331
-	-	2,741,413
-		2,481,919
114	640	676,936
_	651,858	854,462
_	117,965	258,936
	117,500	250,750
1,322,603	1,259,695	11,701,544
506,197	(262,285)	2,418,606
		04.226
-	-	94,336
-	1 251 816	3,734 1,742,235
(84,217)	1,251,816	1,742,235 (1,734,930)
(04,217)		(1,754,750)
(84,217)	1,251,816	105,375
421,980	989,531	2,523,981
2,234,118	978,708	14,593,129
\$ 2,656,098	\$ 1,968,239	\$ 17,117,110

# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

#### TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net changes in fund balance	\$ 2,523,981
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reports as pension expanse.	(583,993)
Governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of OPEB earned net of employee contributions is reports as OPEB expense.	14,281
The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes if fund balances report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	
Current year depreciation (1,576,124) Capital assets 632,085	(944,039)
Some revenue reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources in the governmental funds.	(440,831)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Accrued interest expense	14,659
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.	
Change in compensated absences 9,153  Debt service principal payments 854,462  Debt proceeds (94,336)	769,279
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the administrative services department to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	56,036
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,409,373

## FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Proprietary Funds

#### Enterprise Funds

These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent four segments of operations – Water, Sewer, Storm Water, and Telecommunications. Included in these segments are:

#### **Water Fund**

The Water Fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned water utility operations. Sales of water and related charges are the major revenue sources.

#### **Sewer Operations**

#### **Sewer Fund**

The Sewer Fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned sewer service. Wastewater charges are the major revenue source.

#### **Sewer Bond Reserve Fund**

The Sewer Bond Reserve Fund accounts for the establishment of a sinking fund to allow the City to retire the debt on the sewer treatment plant by 2019.

#### **Storm Water Fund**

The Storm Water Fund accounts for the city-owned storm drainage system. Revenues consist primarily of storm drainage charges.

#### **Telecommunications Fund**

The Telecommunications Funds accounts for the city-owed internet data access system. User charges are the major revenue sources.

For Generally Accepted Accounting Principles purposes, these aforementioned funds are consolidated and included as four separate Enterprises funds.

#### Internal Service Funds

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

#### **Operations Center Internal Service Fund**

The Operations Center Internal Service Fund pools resources from departments that occupy the Operations Center building to allocate costs associated with shared invoices. Revenue sources are transfers from the public works and transit departments.

#### **Facility Maintenance Internal Service Fund**

The Facilities Maintenance Internal Service Fund is intended for major maintenance, repairs and replacements at City-owned buildings. Transfers into this fund come from various other funds that are housed in buildings open to the public. Contributions are based on a percentage of each department budget.

Current liabilities:         \$ 81,714         \$ 172,156         \$ 3,777           Accrued compensated absences payable         2,927         2,927         720           Accrued compensated absences payable         97,588         8,424         1,910           Deposits         3,956         -         -           Interfund loan payable         -         -         -           Loans payable within one year         428,441         117,526         37,331           Due to other funds         -         -         -         -           Total current liabilities         -         -         -         -           Noncurrent liabilities         -         -         -         -         -           Net pension liability         258,920         258,920         131,055         13,055 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Enterprise Funds</th>				Enterprise Funds
Cash and sire-contents   Cash and seash equivalents   Cash and		Water Fund	Sewer Operations	
Cash and investments         2,329,291         \$ 2,073,677         471,884           Accounts receivable         155,208         114,1614         2.22           Interfund loan receivable         155,208         114,1614         2.22           Total current assets         2,484,409         2,319,161         494,404           Noncerront assets         2         12,739,439         6,173,566         515,162           Note OFER asset         12,739,439         6,173,566         515,162           Note OFER asset         12,284,117         6,180,971         516,027           Total assets         12,287,4117         6,180,971         516,027           Total assets         12,287,4117         6,180,971         516,027           Total assets         12,287,4117         6,180,971         516,027           PEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:         2         2,874,117         6,180,971         516,027           Deferred outflows of resources         10,230         106,260         33,781         53,016         53,066         33,781         53,016         53,066         33,781         53,016         53,066         53,066         53,066         53,066         53,066         53,066         53,066         53,066         53,066         53,066<	ASSETS:	water rund	Sewer Operations	Tund
Accounts receivables, net   155,208	Current assets:			
Interfall Interception   194,000				
Total current assets   2,484,499   2,319,161   494,404		155,208		22,520
Noncurrent assets   2,884,99		-	104,000	-
Noncurrent assets:	inventories		<u>-</u>	<del></del>
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Total current assets	2,484,499	2,319,161	494,404
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Noncurrent assets:			
Note of PEB asset         13,2969         5,706         1           Total noncurrent assets         12,2874,117         6,180,971         516,027           Total assets         15,358,616         8,500,132         1,010,431           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred outflow celared to pension         104,743         104,743         53,016           Deferred outflow celared to OPEB         1,517         7,65           Total deferred outflows of resources         315,464,876         8,606,392         3,781           Total assets & deferred outflows of resources         \$15,464,876         \$8,606,392         \$1,664,212           Total assets & deferred outflows of resources         \$15,464,876         \$8,606,392         \$1,664,212           Total assets & deferred outflows of resources         \$15,464,876         \$8,606,392         \$1,664,212           Total assets & deferred outflows of resources         \$17,102         \$1,664,212         \$1,664,212           Total assets & deferred outflows of resources         \$1,772         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,972         \$2,		-	-	-
Net OPEB asset	Capital assets, net	12,739,439	6,173,556	515,162
Total noncurrent assets				-
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:   Deferred outflow related to pension   104,743   104,743   3,016   1,517   1,517   765   76	Net OPEB asset	1,709	1,709	865
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:   Deferred outflow related to pension   104,743   104,743   53,016   1,517   1,517   765   765   1,517   1,517   765   765   1,517   1,517   1,517   765   765   1,516   1,517   1,5	Total noncurrent assets	12,874,117	6,180,971	516,027
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:   Deferred outflow related to pension   104,743   104,743   53,016   1,517   1,517   765   765   1,517   1,517   765   765   1,517   1,517   1,517   765   765   1,516   1,517   1,5	Total assets	15.358.616	8.500.132	1.010.431
Deferred outflow related to pension   104,743   104,743   53,016   1,517   765   7		10,000,010	0,000,102	1,010,101
Deferred outflow related to OPEB		104 742	104 742	53.016
Total assets & deferred outflows of resources   S   15,464,876   S   8,606,392   S   1,064,212	*			· ·
Current liabilities	Total deferred outflows of resources	106,260	106,260	53,781
Current liabilities:         S         81,714         \$         172,156         \$         3,777           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         \$         8,174         \$         172,156         \$         3,772           Accrued interest payable         97,588         8,424         1,910           Deposits         3,956         -         -         -           Interfund loan payable         -         -         -         -           Loans payable within one year         428,441         117,526         37,331           Due to other funds         -         -         -         -         -           Total current liabilities         - <td< td=""><td>Total assets &amp; deferred outflows of resources</td><td>\$ 15,464,876</td><td>\$ 8,606,392</td><td>\$ 1,064,212</td></td<>	Total assets & deferred outflows of resources	\$ 15,464,876	\$ 8,606,392	\$ 1,064,212
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	LIABILITIES:			
Accrued compensated absences payable   2,927   2,927   720     Accrued interest payable   97,588   8,424   1,910     Deposits   3,956   -		¢ 91.714	¢ 172.156	¢ 2777
Accrued interest payable         97,588         8,424         1,910           Deposits         3,956         -         -           Interfund loan payable         -         -         -           Loans payable within one year         428,441         117,526         37,331           Due to other funds         -         -         -         -           Total current liabilities         614,626         301,033         43,738           Noncurrent liabilities         -         -         -         -           Net OPEB liability         258,920         258,920         131,055           Net OPEB liability         9,366         9,366         4,740           Accrued compensated absences payable         11,710         11,710         2,882           Total noncurrent liabilities         6,237,317         2,426,508         653,337           Total ibilities         6,851,943         2,727,541         697,075           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflow related to pension         1,736,439				
Deposits				
Interfund loan payable	* *			1,710
Loans payable within one year         428,441         117,526         37,331           Due to other funds         -         -         -         -           Total current liabilities         614,626         301,033         43,738           Noncurrent liabilities         8         8         8         8           Net pension liability         258,920         258,920         131,055           Net OPEB liability         9,366         9,366         4,740           Loans payable, net of current portion         5,957,321         2,146,512         514,660           Accrued compensated absences payable         111,710         11,710         2,882           Total noncurrent liabilities         6,851,943         2,727,541         697,075           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         -         1,736,		-	-	-
Total current liabilities         614,626         301,033         43,738           Noncurrent liabilities:         258,920         258,920         131,055           Net OPEB liability         9,366         9,366         4,740           Loans payable, net of current portion         5,957,321         2,146,512         514,660           Accrued compensated absences payable         11,710         11,710         2,882           Total noncurrent liabilities         6,237,317         2,426,508         653,337           Total liabilities         6,851,943         2,727,541         697,075           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         2         1,736,439         -           Debt service         2         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205		428,441	117,526	37,331
Noncurrent liabilities:         Section of the pension liability         258,920         258,920         131,055           Net pension liability         9,366         9,366         4,740           Loans payable, net of current portion         5,957,321         2,146,512         514,660           Accrued compensated absences payable         11,710         11,710         2,882           Total noncurrent liabilities         6,237,317         2,426,508         653,337           Total liabilities         6,851,943         2,727,541         697,075           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         -         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376	Due to other funds			<del></del>
Net pension liability         258,920         258,920         131,055           Net OPEB liability         9,366         9,366         4,740           Loans payable, net of current portion         5,957,321         2,146,512         514,660           Accrued compensated absences payable         11,710         11,710         2,882           Total noncurrent liabilities         6,237,317         2,426,508         653,337           Total liabilities         6,851,943         2,727,541         697,075           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         2         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376	Total current liabilities	614,626	301,033	43,738
Net OPEB liability         9,366         9,366         4,740           Loans payable, net of current portion         5,957,321         2,146,512         514,660           Accrued compensated absences payable         11,710         11,710         2,882           Total noncurrent liabilities         6,237,317         2,426,508         653,337           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         -         1,736,439         -           Debt service         -         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376	Noncurrent liabilities:			
Loans payable, net of current portion         5,957,321         2,146,512         514,660           Accrued compensated absences payable         11,710         11,710         2,882           Total noncurrent liabilities         6,237,317         2,426,508         653,337           Total liabilities         6,851,943         2,727,541         697,075           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:         September of the color	Net pension liability	258,920	258,920	131,055
Accrued compensated absences payable         11,710         11,710         2,882           Total noncurrent liabilities         6,237,317         2,426,508         653,337           Total liabilities         6,851,943         2,727,541         697,075           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         2         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376	•	9,366	9,366	4,740
Total noncurrent liabilities         6,237,317         2,426,508         653,337           Total liabilities         6,851,943         2,727,541         697,075           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         -         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376				
Total liabilities         6,851,943         2,727,541         697,075           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension Deferred inflow related to OPEB         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Debt service Unrestricted         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for: Debt service Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376	Accrued compensated absences payable	11,710	11,710	2,882
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:           Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         -         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376	Total noncurrent liabilities	6,237,317	2,426,508	653,337
Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         Debt service         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376	Total liabilities	6,851,943	2,727,541	697,075
Deferred inflow related to pension         16,461         16,461         8,332           Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         Debt service         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred inflow related to OPEB         2,823         2,823         1,429           Total deferred inflows of resources         19,284         19,284         9,761           NET POSITION:           Net investment in capital assets         6,353,677         3,909,518         (36,829)           Restricted for:         Debt service         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376		16,461	16,461	8,332
NET POSITION:         Net investment in capital assets       6,353,677       3,909,518       (36,829)         Restricted for:       Debt service       - 1,736,439       - 1,736,439       - 2,239,972       213,610       394,205         Total net position       8,593,649       5,859,567       357,376	Deferred inflow related to OPEB		2,823	1,429
Net investment in capital assets       6,353,677       3,909,518       (36,829)         Restricted for:       Debt service       -       1,736,439       -         Unrestricted       2,239,972       213,610       394,205         Total net position       8,593,649       5,859,567       357,376	Total deferred inflows of resources	19,284	19,284	9,761
Restricted for:       1,736,439       -         Debt service       2,239,972       213,610       394,205         Total net position       8,593,649       5,859,567       357,376	NET POSITION:			
Debt service         -         1,736,439         -           Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376	Net investment in capital assets	6,353,677	3,909,518	(36,829)
Unrestricted         2,239,972         213,610         394,205           Total net position         8,593,649         5,859,567         357,376				
Total net position 8,593,649 5,859,567 357,376		-		<u>-</u>
·	Unrestricted	2,239,972	213,610	394,205
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Total net position	8,593,649	5,859,567	357,376
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 15,464,876	\$ 8,606,392	\$ 1,064,212

					vernmental Activities
Teleco	ommunications Fund		Total	Inte	rnal Service Funds
\$	- 166,584	\$	4,874,822 485,826	\$	331,423
	161,383		104,000 161,383		-
	327,967	_	5,626,031		331,423
	171,057 8,830,429		171,057 28,258,586 138,675		- - -
	9,005,232		8,029 28,576,347		-
	9,333,199		34,202,378		331,423
	229,556 3,324		492,058 7,123		-
	232,880		499,181		-
\$	9,566,079	\$	34,701,559	\$	331,423
\$	4,281 2,421	\$	261,928 8,995	\$	1,423
	94,721 558,169 328,221 656,698		202,643 3,956 558,169 911,519 656,698		- - -
	1,644,511		2,603,908		1,423
	567,454 20,527 7,203,560 9,683		1,216,349 43,999 15,822,053 35,985		- - -
	7,801,224		17,118,386		_
	9,445,735		19,722,294		1,423
	36,078 7,487		77,332 14,562		-
	43,565		91,894		
	1,298,648		11,525,014		-
	(1,221,869)		1,736,439 1,625,918		330,000
	76,779		14,887,371		330,000
\$	9,566,079	\$	34,701,559	\$	331,423

			Enterprise Funds
	Water Fund	Sewer Operations	Storm Water Fund
	water rund	Sewer Operations	Storiii water Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,634,402	\$ 1,490,614	\$ 256,173
Special assessments and surcharges	232,654	209,465	-
Miscellaneous	51,799	57,810	200
Total operating revenues	1,918,855	1,757,889	256,373
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Salaries, fringe benefits and payroll taxes	290,185	289,069	148,463
Utilities	· -	· -	· <u>-</u>
Operating supplies	-	-	-
Insurance	-	-	-
Operating costs	721,649	1,086,308	76,818
Contract services	-	-	-
Depreciation	431,610	302,460	58,351
Total operating expenses	1,443,444	1,677,837	283,632
Operating income (loss)	475,411	80,052	(27,259)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):			
Interest income	62,549	58,278	11,837
Interest expense	(179,042)	(103,840)	(24,201)
Gain on the sale of assets	-	200	
Total non-operating income (expenses)	(116,493)	(45,362)	(12,364)
Net income (loss) before transfers	358,918	34,690	(39,623)
TRANSFERS:			
Transfers in (out)	(60,029)	(63,462)	(21,086)
Change in net position	298,889	(28,772)	(60,709)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	8,294,760	5,888,339	418,085
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 8,593,649	\$ 5,859,567	\$ 357,376

			vernmental activities
Telec	ommunications Fund	Total	rnal Service Funds
\$	1,620,360 - 72,941	\$ 5,001,549 442,119 182,750	\$ - - -
	1,693,301	5,626,418	 -
	608,846 - - - 328,194 - 438,051	1,336,563 - - 2,212,969 - 1,230,472	29,376 2,484 5,744 2,350 9,842
	1,375,091	4,780,004	49,796
	318,210	846,414	(49,796)
	530 (287,328)	 133,194 (594,411) 200	103
	(286,798)	(461,017)	103
	31,412	385,397	(49,693)
	31,543	(113,034)	105,729
	62,955	272,363	56,036
	13,824	 14,615,008	273,964
\$	76,779	\$ 14,887,371	\$ 330,000

	V	Vater Fund	Sewe	er Operations
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	1,906,170	\$	1,748,427
Cash paid to employees and others for salaries and benefits		(269,517)		(247,733)
Cash paid to suppliers and others		(682,199)		(973,437)
Net cash provided by operating activities		954,454		527,257
CASH FLOWS FROM				
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payment from (to) other funds for interfund loans and interest		-		101,960
Transfers in (out)		(60,029)		(63,462)
Advances to/from other funds				
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		(60,029)		38,498
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets		(94,601)		(375,098)
Proceeds from loans		-		128,760
Principal paid on loans		(410,818)		(65,452)
Interest paid on loans		(183,514)		(103,890)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		(688,933)		(415,680)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest revenue		62,549		58,278
Notes receivable		7,396		3,730
Net cash provided by investing activities		69,945		62,008
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		275,437		212,083
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, BEGINNING		2,053,854		1,861,564
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, ENDING	\$	2,329,291	\$	2,073,647
COMPRISED AS FOLLOWS:				
Unrestricted	\$	2,329,291	\$	2,073,647
Restricted		, , , <u>-</u>		-
Total	\$	2,329,291	\$	2,073,647
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$	475,411	\$	80,052
Adjustments:	Ψ	.,0,.11	Ψ	00,002
Depreciation		431,610		302,460
Decrease (increase) in:		,		,
Accounts receivable		(12,885)		(9,462)
Inventories		-		-
Net OPEB Asset		(1,709)		(1,709)
Increase (decrease) in:				. ,
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		39,450		133,539
Accrued compensated absences		(2,986)		(2,986)
Deposits		200		-
Net pension liability		24,247		24,247
Net OPEB liability		1,116		1,116
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	954,454	\$	527,257
	-			

Ent	terprise Funds					A	activities
		Telec	ommunications			Inte	rnal Service
Storm	Water Fund		Fund		Total		Funds
\$	254,658	\$	1,680,039	\$	5,589,294	\$	_
Ψ	(127,971)	Ψ	(495,362)	Ψ	(1,140,583)	Ψ	_
	(86,763)		(340,577)		(2,082,976)		(48,752)
	39,924		844,100		2,365,735		(48,752)
	-		352,209		454,169		-
	(21,086)		31,543		(113,034)		105,729
			(482,297)		(482,297)		-
	(21,086)		(98,545)		(141,162)		105,729
	-		(163,501)		(633,200)		-
	(27.221)		(270.052)		128,760		-
	(37,331) (24,318)		(279,953) (288,394)		(793,554) (600,116)		-
	(24,316)		(200,394)		(000,110)		-
	(61,649)		(731,848)		(1,898,110)		-
	11,837		530		133,194		103
			_		11,126		-
	11,837		530		144,320		103
	(30,974)		14,237		470,783		57,080
	502,858		156,820		4,575,096		274,343
\$	471,884	\$	171,057	\$	5,045,879	\$	331,423
\$	471,884	\$	_	\$	4,874,822	\$	331,423
Ψ	-71,00-	Ψ	171,057	Ψ	171,057	Ψ	331,423
\$	471,884	\$	171,057	\$	5,045,879	\$	331,423
\$	(27,259)	\$	318,210	\$	846,414	\$	(49,796)
	58,351		438,051		1,230,472		-
	(1,715)		(13,262)		(37,324)		-
	-		53,897		53,897		-
	(865)		(3,746)		(8,029)		-
	301		(9,538)		163,752		1,044
	(1,729)		3,600		(4,101)		-
	-		-		200		-
	12,273		53,142		113,909		-
¢.	567	•	3,746	<u> </u>	6,545	Ф.	(40.752)
\$	39,924	\$	844,100	\$	2,365,735	\$	(48,752)

## FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Fiduciary Funds

This fund is used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

## **Private-Purpose Trust Fund**

#### **Trust Fund**

The Trust Fund accounts for contributions from private sources that are held by the City in a fiduciary capacity. Expenditures are made for the benefit of the library, senior center, recreation, emergency services, and Sandy Times.

## CITY OF SANDY, OREGON FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	ate-Purpose rust Fund
ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 109,755
Total assets	\$ 109,755
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 1,108
Total liabilities	 1,108
NET POSITION:	
Held in trust for:	
Library	10,610
Adopt a book	1,415
Seniors	45,062
Meinig park	18,192
Recreation	972
Fantasy forest	8,789
Youth basketball	8,038
GREAT	3,206
Riparian	4,485
Emergency services	281
EASEY	6,237
Sandy times	(64)
Noah's Quest	2,019
DARE	(991)
Shop with a cop	 396
Total net position	 108,647
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 109,755

## CITY OF SANDY, OREGON FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Purpose Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Donations:	
Seniors	\$ 4,134
Meinig park	3,185
Noah's Quest	4,013
Interest:	
Library	216
Adopt a book	33
Seniors	987
Meinig park	367
Recreation	23
Fantasy forest	209
Youth basketball	189
GREAT	75
Riparian	105
Emergency services	7
EASEY	147
Noah's Quest	49
Shop with a cop	 9
Total additions	 15,188
DEDUCTIONS:	
Seniors	1,035
Meinig park	585
Fantasy forest	115
Noah's Quest	 4,060
Total deductions	 5,795
Change in net position	9,393
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	 99,254
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 108,647

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's two separate plans the Implicit Rate Subsidy and Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from Implicit Rate Subsidy and OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Implicit Rate Subsidy and OPERS. For this purpose, Implicit Rate Subsidy and OPERS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

## A. Description of Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the government and its component unit (Sandy Urban Renewal Agency), entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

<u>Sandy Urban Renewal Agency</u> – The Agency was formed to plan, direct, and manage certain projects within Sandy. Pursuant to ORS 457.055, the City Council has been appointed governing body of the Agency. The Urban Renewal Agency Capital Projects Fund and Urban Renewal Agency Debt Service Fund are reported as governmental fund types.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The Sandy Urban Renewal Agency is a blended component unit and, in substance is part of the City's operations, although it is a legally separate entity. The Sandy Urban Renewal Agency has a June 30 year-end. The Sandy Urban Renewal Agency is governed by the City Council of The City of Sandy and representatives from the Sandy Fire District and the Sandy Area Chamber of Commerce. As such, the City of Sandy has operational responsibility for the Sandy Urban Renewal Agency. Complete financial statements for the Agency may be obtained at: City of Sandy - City Hall 39250 Pioneer Blvd. Sandy, OR 97055-8001.

#### **B.** Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

#### Government-wide statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the City, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. *Program revenues* include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### Fund financial statements

These statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The GASB 34 model sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and proprietary combined) for the determination of major funds. Non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* accounts for all activities not accounted for by other funds of the City. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, state and county shared revenues, and licenses and permits. Primary expenditures are made for police protection, culture and recreation, and general government.

The *Street Fund* accounts for revenue derived from the state gas tax that is used for repair, maintenance, and construction of streets.

The *Transit Fund* accounts for revenue from a 0.6% employer payroll tax and intergovernmental sources that are used to operate the Sandy Area Metro (SAM) transit service.

The *Urban Renewal Agency Fund* accounts for revenues from tax increment financing (property taxes) that are used to fund the urban renewal plan.

The City reports each of its four proprietary funds as major funds. These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent four segments of operations – Water, Sewer, Storm Water, and Telecommunications. The City reports the following proprietary funds:

- Water Fund
- Sewer Fund Operations
- Storm Water Fund
- Telecommunications Fund

Additionally, the government reports the following internal service funds also classified as proprietary funds. An internal service fund is used to account for an activity that provides goods or services to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Operations Center internal service fund is used to pool resources from departments that occupy the Operations Center building to allocate costs associated with shared invoices. Revenue sources are transfers from the Water, Stewer, Storm Water, Street, Transit, and General Funds. The Facility Maintenance internal service fund is intended for major maintenance, repairs and replacements at City-owned buildings. Transfers into this fund come from various other funds that are housed in buildings open to the public. Contributions are based on a percentage of each department budget.

- Operations Center Internal Service Fund
- Facility Maintenance Internal Service Fund

Fiduciary Funds reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets the City holds in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and other funds. The City's only fiduciary fund is a private-purpose trust fund. Private-purpose trust funds are used to report contributions from private sources held in trust for the use of making purchases for the benefit of the library, senior center, recreation, emergency services, and Sandy Times and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City reports the following fiduciary fund:

• Trust Fund

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded with the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *full accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement *focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, long-term compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Unavailable revenue arises in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to financial operation of the current period. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the liability created on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet for unavailable revenue is eliminated. Note that unavailable revenues also arise outside the scope of measurement focus and basis of accounting, such as when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. For instance, when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. Vested compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only to the extent that they are expended and are liquidated with expendable financial resources. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a

full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized. Thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long term portions of debt and compensated absences must be included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations. The principle operating revenues of the City's Water, Sewer, Storm Water, and Telecommunications Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. These funds also recognize fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the City's utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overheads, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The proprietary financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements.

#### E. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments included in cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value. The City invests in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, which is authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Interest earned from pooled investments is allocated based on a fund's portion of the total investment balance. The City maintains depository insurance under Federal depository insurance funds and state and financial institution collateral pools for its cash deposits and investments, except the Local Government Investment Pool, which is exempt from statutes requiring such insurance. Investments are stated at fair value.

#### F. Receivables

Uncollected property taxes receivable collected within thirty days following year end are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenues. All other uncollected property taxes receivable are offset by unavailable revenues and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue. Property taxes are assessed and become a lien against the property as of July 1 each year and are payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Assessments receivable are recognized at the time property owners are assessed for property improvements. Assessments receivable expected to be collected within thirty days following year end and are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenue. All other assessments receivable are offset by unavailable revenues and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

Receivables for grants and state shared revenues, included in accounts receivable are recorded as revenues in governmental fund types as earned. Receivables of the proprietary fund types are recorded as revenues as earned, including services earned but not billed.

## G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using first-in/first-out (FIFO) basis and are accounted for using the consumption method.

Within the proprietary funds, prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method. Within the governmental funds, prepaid items are accounted for using the purchases method.

#### H. Interfund Loans Receivables/Payables

Long-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loan receivable" and "interfund loan payable."

## I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, street lights, etc.), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the time received.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and having useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements	7 - 20
Infrastructure	10 - 50
Vehicles	5 - 10
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20

Monthly depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

#### J. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The two items are the deferred amount relating to pensions and the deferred amount relating to OPEB. These amounts are deferred and recognized as outflows of resources in the period when the City's recognizes pension expense/expenditures and OPEB expense/expenditures. Deferred outflows are included in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the proprietary funds Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue from property taxes is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amount becomes available. The City reports a deferred amount related to pensions. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period when the City's recognizes pension income. The City also reports a deferred amount related to OPEB. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period when the City's recognizes OPEB income.

#### **K.** Compensated Absences

Accumulated vested vacation pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, accumulated vested vacation pay is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund-level and government-wide presentations. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Funds used to liquidate accrued compensated absences included the general fund, street fund, transit fund, urban renewal fund, water fund, sewer fund, storm water fund, and telecommunications fund.

## L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### M. OPEB – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Government Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No.75

Employers participating in the Plan are required to report OPEB information in their financial statements for fiscal period beginning on or after June 15, 2017, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75).

#### N. Net Position and Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal of related debt. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt. Restricted net position represents net position restricted by parties outside of the City (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments) and does not include unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets. The nonexpendable portion of permanent funds is reported as a component of restricted net position. The City's other restricted net position is temporarily restricted (ultimately expendable) assets. All other net position is considered unrestricted.

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components — non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

**Non-Spendable** – Includes amounts not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.

**Restricted** – Includes amounts that are restricted by external creditors, grantors or contributors, or restricted by enabling legislation.

**Committed** — Includes amounts that have been committed by resolution by the City Council which is the City's "highest level of decision-making authority." Committed amounts may not be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the constraint by similar council action. Commitments of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

**Assigned** – Includes amounts assigned for specific purposes by council action who authorizes, by resolution, the City Manager to assign fund balance. Assigned fund balance is also established by the Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose.

**Unassigned** – This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category.

#### O. Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

The general fund is the only fund to report a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds, other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, these funds may report a negative unassigned fund balance.

## P. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted requires that management make estimates and assumptions which affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimated.

#### 2. Cash and Investments

At June 30, 2019 the cash equivalents of the City and its component unit consist of the following:

	Weighted	
	Average	Fair
	Maturity	Value
Investments in the State Treasurer's Local	0.00	\$ 16,940,081
Government Investment Pool	0.00	\$ 10,940,061
US Treasuries	1.07	3,364,866
Municipal Bonds	8.81	323,255
Corporate Bonds	0.50	192,550
Total investments	0.31	\$ 20,820,752

Cash and investments are displayed on the financial statements as:

Cash and investments - government-wide	\$ 21,538,231
Restricted cash and investments – government-wide	171,057
Cash and investments - fiduciary funds	109,755
Total cash and investments	\$ 21,819,043

#### A. Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the government manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investments portfolio to 36 months.

#### B. Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the City to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, and the State Treasure's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, among others. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

The City's investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

#### C. Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy allows the City to have a maximum of up to 35% of total portfolio in either Commercial paper or Corporate Indebtedness to limit concentration of credit risk. The City's investments were rated AA+ or AA- by Moody's Investors Service.

The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations, but is not regulated by other laws, organizations or regulations. The reported value of the Pool is the same as the fair value of Pool shares. Investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). The Pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is unrated.

## D. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and National Credit Union Administration (NCUA) provides insurance for the City's deposits up to \$250,000 for the combined total of all deposit accounts at each financial institution. The remaining deposits are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon in accordance with ORS 295. Depositories qualified under this program are required to pledge collateral against any public funds deposits in excess of deposit insurance amounts. This provides additional protection for public funds in the event of a bank failure or loss. ORS 295 sets the specific value of the collateral, as well as the types of collateral that are acceptable. ORS 295 creates a shared liability

structure for participating depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. As of June 30, 2019, the book value of the City's deposits was \$991,666 and the bank balance was \$1,102,305. \$602,305 of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as they were collateralized under PFCP. The City has \$6.626 cash on hand.

#### E. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or price paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active.

Level 3 – Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

	Fair	Value Meas	uren	nents					
	Value as of June 30, 2019								
	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total								
Investment in the State Treasurer's Local									
Government Investment Pool	\$	-	\$	16,940,081	\$	-	\$	16,940,081	
US Treasuries		3,364,866		-		-		3,364,866	
Municipal Bonds		323,255		-		-		323,255	
Corporate Bonds				192,550				192,550	
	\$	3,688,121	\$	17,132,631	\$		\$	20,820,752	

#### 3. Property Taxes and Assessments Receivable

Uncollected taxes and assessments are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

## 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			
Primary Government	Balance	Additions	Deletions	<b>Ending Balance</b>
•				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,207,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,207,088
Construction in progress	3,567,400	182,402	(2,977,078)	772,724
				_
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,774,488	182,402	(2,977,078)	4,979,812
1 , 2 1	.,,,			<i></i>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements	11,366,658	278,647	-	11,645,305
Buildings	15,473,568	3,053,778	-	18,527,346
Furniture and equipment	1,632,259	94,336	-	1,726,595
Vehicles	4,418,473	-	-	4,418,473
Intangible assets	359,680			359,680
Total capital assets, being depreciated	33,250,638	3,426,761		36,677,399
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements	(3,730,745)	(447,039)	-	(4,177,784)
Buildings	(3,683,392)	(624,849)	-	(4,308,241)
Furniture and equipment	(1,233,823)	(103,778)	-	(1,337,601)
Vehicles	(3,132,013)	(374,123)	-	(3,506,136)
Intangible assets	(122,661)	(26,335)		(148,996)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,902,634)	(1,576,124)		(13,478,758)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	21,348,004	1,850,637		23,198,641
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,122,492	\$ 2,033,039	\$(2,977,078)	\$ 28,178,453

Business-type activities:	Beginning Balance Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,099,674	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,099,674		
Construction in progress	82,113	250,005		332,118		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,181,787	250,005		1,431,792		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Improvements	37,810,055	283,197	-	38,093,252		
Buildings	976,801	-	-	976,801		
Furniture and equipment	3,208,925	99,998	-	3,308,923		
Vehicles	756,385	<u> </u>		756,385		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	42,752,166	383,195		43,135,361		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Improvements	(12,100,530)	(971,865)	_	(13,072,395)		
Buildings	(321,937)	(19,208)	-	(341,145)		
Furniture and equipment	(2,087,900)	(179,481)	-	(2,267,381)		
Vehicles	(567,728)	(59,918)		(627,646)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,078,095)	(1,230,472)		(16,308,567)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	27,674,071	(847,277)		26,826,794		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	28,855,858	(597,272)		28,258,586		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	Depreciation
General government	\$ 373,981
Public safety	362,048
Highways and streets	134,908
Public transportation	145,947
Economic development	153,009
Culture and recreation	406,231
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,576,124
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 431,610
Sewer	302,460
Stormwater	58,351
Telecommunications	438,051
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,230,472

## 5. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers</u>

## A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

On June 1, 2015 the Sewer Bond Reserve Fund loaned the Telecommunications Fund \$500,000. The loan is to be repaid within five years with an annual interest rate of 2.0 percent.

On November 5, 2018 the Transit Fund loaned the General Fund \$500,000. The loan is to be repaid within ten years with an annual interest rate of 1.92 percent.

On November 5, 2018 the Transit Fund loaned the Telecommunications Fund \$356,273. The loan is to be repaid within ten years with an annual interest rate of 1.92 percent.

The Interfund loan receivables and payables are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Sewer Bond Reserve Telecommunications Fund		\$ 104,000
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Receivable Fund Transit	<u>Payable Fund</u> General Fund	\$ Amount 356,273
	<del></del>	\$ 

#### **B.** Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to pay for administrative services provided by the general fund, provide funds for debt service, and contribute to the cost of capital projects.

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 490,419	\$ 818,326
Street Fund		53,115
Urban Renewal Agency Fund		779,272
Transit Fund		84,217
Operations Center Internal Service Fund	50,729	
Facility Maintenance Internal Service Fund	55,000	
Total Major Governmental Funds	596,148	1,734,930
Nonmajor Funds:		
Aquatic/Recreation Center Fund	458,075	-
City FFC Debt Service Fund	769,823	
Parks Capital Project Fund	23,918	
Total Special Revenue Funds	1,251,816	<u>-</u>
Proprietary Funds:		
Water Fund		60,029
Sewer Fund		63,462
Storm Water Fund		21,086
Telecommunications Fund	81,409	49,866
Total Proprietary Funds	81,409	194,443
Total All Funds	\$ 1,929,373	\$ 1,929,373

## 6. Unavailable Revenues

Unavailable revenues on June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Property taxes receivable	\$ 127,266
Other receivables	228,221
Total unavailable revenue	\$ 355,487

## 7. Long Term Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2019, long-term liability activity was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	R	Reductions	Ending Balance	Di	mounts ue within ne Year
<b>Governmental Activities</b>								
Bonds and notes payable:								
Bonds payable	\$ 9,792,045	\$	-	\$	651,858	\$ 9,140,187	\$	664,796
Notes payable	 1,030,752		94,336		202,605	 922,483		193,650
Total bonds and notes payable	10,822,797		94,336		854,463	10,062,670		858,446
Compensated absences	323,289		288,850		298,002	 314,137		62,827
Total governmental activities	\$ 11,146,086	\$	383,186	\$	1,152,465	\$ 10,376,807	\$	921,273
<b>Business-type Activities</b>								
Bonds payable	\$ 8,363,438	\$	-	\$	333,369	\$ 8,030,069	\$	387,817
Bond premium	219,697		-		12,924	206,773		12,924
Notes payable	8,815,231		128,760		447,261	 8,496,730		510,778
Total bonds and notes payable	17,398,366		128,760		793,554	16,733,572		911,519
Compensated absences	49,081		50,385		54,486	44,980		8,995
Total business-type activities	\$ 17,447,447	\$	179,145	\$	848,040	\$ 16,778,552	\$	920,514

## A. Bonds Payable

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year.

Governmental Activities	
Series 2014: original amount \$2,279,741; interest rate 1.85%; final payment due June 2019. The bond was paid off during the fiscal year.	\$ -
Series 2017: original amount \$10,000,000; interest rate 2.44%; final payment due June 2031.	9,140,187
Total bonds payable	\$ 9,140,187

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal _	Series 2017						
Year	Principal Interest						
2020	\$ 664,796	\$ 223,021					
2021	681,017	206,800					
2022	697,634	190,183					
2023	714,656	173,160					
2024	732,094	155,723					
2025-2029	3,937,293	501,790					
2030-2034	1,712,697	62,937					
Total	\$ 9,140,187	\$ 1,513,614					

The City of Sandy's outstanding bonds related to governmental activities of \$9,140,187 contain a provision that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the government is unable to make payment.

## Business-Type Activities

Series 2014: original amount \$947,154; interest rate 1.85%; final payment due June 2022.		
Series 2011: original amount \$800,000; interest rate 4.60%; final payment due June 2031.	\$	375,069
Series 2014: original amount \$7,500,000; interest rate 1.375 to 4.00%; final		545,000
payment due March 2035.		7,110,000
Total bonds payable	\$	8,030,069

		Bonds Payable Business-Type Activities											
Fiscal		Water Fund	2014		Storm Water	s 2011	,	TC Revenue Bond Series 2014					
Year	I	Principal	]	nterest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	122,817	\$	6,939	\$	35,000	\$	22,918	\$	230,000	\$	282,425	
2021		125,280		4,667		40,000		21,763		255,000		273,225	
2022		126,972		2,350		40,000		20,363		275,000		263,025	
2023		-		-		40,000		18,883		300,000		252,025	
2024		-		-		40,000		17,323		325,000		240,025	
2025-29		-		-		240,000		58,469		2,120,000		979,625	
2030-34		-		-		110,000		7,590		2,945,000		494,400	
2035-39										660,000		26,400	
	\$	375,069	\$	13,956	\$	545,000	\$	167,309	\$	7,110,000	\$	2,811,150	

The City of Sandy's outstanding bonds related to business-type activities of \$8,030,069 contain a provision that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the government is unable to make payment.

## **B.** General Obligation Notes Payable

Governmental Activities	
Washington Federal Loan: original amount \$605,000; interest rate 2.62%; final payment due January 2020.	\$ 59,485
Clackamas County Bank Loan - Library: original amount \$799,999; interest rate 2.75%; final payment due June 2037.	608,865
Kansas State Bank: original amount \$69,225; interest rate 3.96%; final payment due June 2020.	14,371
HP- USA 1 – Computers: original amount \$46,526; interest rate 3.08%; final payment due May 2019. The note was paid off during the fiscal year.	-
HP – USA 2 – Servers: original amount \$20,250; interest rate 3.83%; final payment September 2018. The note was paid off during the fiscal year.	-
Enterprise Fleet Management: original amount \$11,653	6,991
Enterprise Fleet Management: original amount \$285,631	142,616
Enterprise Fleet Management: original amount \$22,513	13,507
CIT Computer Lease; original amount \$94,336	 76,648
Total notes payable	\$ 922,483

Notes Pay	vable Go	vernmental	Activities

Fiscal		Washingto	on Federal CCB -				Library Kansas S				tate Bank		
Year	F	Principal	I1	nterest	]	Principal		Interest		rincipal	Interest		
2020	\$	59,485	\$	1,171	\$	27,530	\$	16,559	\$	14,371	\$	569	
2021		-		-		28,246		15,842		-		-	
2022		-		-		29,073		15,015		-		-	
2023		-		-		29,878		14,210		-		-	
2024		-		-		30,705		13,383		-		-	
2025-29		-		-		166,695		53,745		-		-	
2030-34		-		-		191,137		29,302		-		-	
2035-39		-				105,601		4,398					
	\$	59,485	\$	1,171	\$	608,865	\$	162,454	\$	14,371	\$	569	

Notes Payable Governmental Activities

Fiscal	Ent	erprise - Fo	ord Inte	rceptors	Enterprise - Ford Hybrid				Enterprise - Ford F-150			
Year	P	rincipal	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	61,846	\$	-	\$	4,503	\$	-	\$	2,331	\$	-
2021		61,846		-		4,503		-		2,331		-
2022		16,301		-		4,501		-		2,329		-
2023		2,623				-				-		-
	\$	142,616	\$		\$	13,507	\$		\$	6,991	\$	_

Fiscal		CIT - Computer								
Year	P	rincipal	In	terest						
2020	\$	23,584	\$	-						
2021		23,585		-						
2022		23,584		-						
2023		5,895								
	\$	76,648	\$							

The City of Sandy's outstanding notes related to governmental activities of \$608,865 contain a provision that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the government is unable to make payment. Additionally, outstanding notes related to governmental activities of \$313,618 contain a provision that in the event of default, action to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligation then outstanding to its satisfaction.

The City of Sandy is subject to legal debt limit for general obligation bonds equal to 3% of the real market value. As on June 30, 2019, The City of Sandy had no outstanding general obligation bonds.

Business-Type Activities									
USDA Sewer Facility Loan: Original amount \$2,970,000; interest amount 4.75%; final payment due June 2039.	\$	2,128,287							
OBDD water intertie loan: original amount \$7,500,000; interest amount 2.77%; final payment due June 2035.		6,003,703							
DEQ SRF Loan: original amount \$450,000; interest amount 0.93%; final									
payment due June 2024. City has only drawn down \$128,760 of these funds.		128,760							
HP – Ditch Witch: original amount \$124,363; interest at 3.5%		41,814							
Enterprise Fleet Management: original amount \$11,653		6,991							
Enterprise Fleet Management: original amount \$11,653		6,991							
Enterprise Fleet Management: original amount \$11,653		6,991							
Enterprise Fleet Management: original amount \$115,562		64,172							
Cisco Equipment: original amount \$180,895; interest at 3.0%		109,021							
Total notes payable	\$	8,496,730							

Notes	Dovoblo	Rusiness-	Tame	A ctivities

_	Trotes I dydole Business Type Heavilles											
Fiscal	US	SDA	OBDD W	ater Intertie	DEQ SRF Loan							
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest						
2020	\$ 66,118	\$ 101,093	\$ 303,293	\$ 166,303	\$ 49,077	\$ 2,819						
2021	69,259	97,952	311,694	157,901	79,683	2,867						
2022	72,548	94,663	320,328	149,267	-	-						
2023	75,994	91,217	329,201	140,394	-	-						
2024	79,604	87,607	338,320	131,275	-	-						
2025-29	458,461	377,594	1,837,471	510,504	-	-						
2030-34	578,193	257,862	2,106,456	241,518	-	-						
2035-39	728,110	106,862	456,940	12,657								
	\$ 2,128,287	\$ 1,214,850	\$6,003,703	\$1,509,819	\$ 128,760	\$ 5,686						

		Notes Payable Business-Type Activities											
Fiscal	HP - Ditch Witch				Ente	Enterprise - Nissan Frontier				Enterprise - Nissan Frontier			
Year	P	rincipal	Interest		Pr	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	28,316	\$	1,042	\$	2,331	\$	-	\$	2,331	\$	-	
2021		13,498		183		2,331		-		2,331		-	
2022						2,329				2,329	-	_	
	\$	41,814	\$	1,225	\$	6,991	\$		\$	6,991	\$	_	

	Notes Payable Business-Type Activities											
Fiscal	Enterprise - Nissan Frontier				Enterprise - Ford F-450				Cisco Equipment			
Year	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	2,331	\$	-	\$	20,812	\$	-	\$	36,169	\$	537
2021		2,331		-		20,812		-		36,337		369
2022		2,329		-		20,812		-		36,515		190
2023						1,736				-		-
	\$	6,991	\$	_	\$	64,172	\$		\$	109,021	\$	1,096

The City of Sandy's outstanding notes related to business-type activities of \$8,260,750 contain a provision that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the government is unable to make payment. Additionally, outstanding notes related to business-type activities of \$235,980 contain a provision that in the event of default, action to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligation then outstanding to its satisfaction.

The City of Sandy also has an unused line of credit in the amount of \$321,240.

#### 8. Net Position

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$11,014,091 of restricted net position, of which \$9,276,145 is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### 9. Pension Plan

## A. Plan Description

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. OPERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

#### **B.** Benefits Provided

## 1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit ORS Chapter 238

#### **Pension Benefits**

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

#### **Death Benefits**

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

#### **Disability Benefits**

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other

than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police) when determining the monthly benefit.

#### **Benefit Changes**

After Retirement Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living (COLA) changes. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

## 2. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

#### **Pension Benefits**

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

#### **Death Benefits**

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

#### **Disability Benefits**

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

#### **Benefit Changes After Retirement**

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and \$750 plus 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

#### 3. OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

#### **Pension Benefits**

The Individual Account Program (IAP) is a defined contribution pension plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

#### **Death Benefits**

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

#### Recordkeeping

OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

#### C. Contributions

#### 1. Employer Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2017. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$178,898, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were 21.86 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Service Member, 31.17 percent for Tier One/Tier Two Police and Fire, 13.28 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Service Members, 18.05 percent for OPSRP Pension Program Police and Fire Members.

#### 2. Employee Contributions

Beginning January 1, 2004, all employee contributions were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan established by the Oregon Legislature. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers on the members behalf. The IAP member accounts represent member contributions made on or after January 1, 2004, plus earnings allocations less disbursements for refunds, death benefits, and retirements. As permitted, the City has opted to pick-up the contributions on behalf of employees; contribution were \$290,897 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# D. Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$7,452,355 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.04919% percent, which was increased from its proportion of 0.04837% measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City's recognized pension expense of \$1,452,681. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual	•		-	
experience	\$	253,507	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		1,732,658		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on investments		-		330,927
Changes in proportion		178,845		107,726
Differences between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		91,721		35,152
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		2,256,732		473,805
Contributions subsequent to the MD		758,025		
Total	\$	3,014,757	\$	473,805

\$758,025 Reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	:	
2019	\$	897,644
2020		656,656
2021		(9,936)
2022		168,564
2023		70,000
Total	\$	1,782,928

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2016		
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018		
Experience Study Report	2016, published July 26, 2017		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal		
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Inflation Rate	2.50 percent		
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	7.20 percent		
Discount Rate	7.20 percent		
Projected Salary Increases	3.50 percent overall payroll growth		
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and grade COLA		
	(1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with $Moro$		
	decision, blend based on service.		
Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: RP-		
	2014 healthy annuitant, sex-distinct,		
	generational with Unisex, Social Secuity		
	Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-		
	backs as described in the valuation.		
	Active Members: RP-2014 Employees,		
	sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social		
	Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments		
	and set-backs as described in the valuation.		
	Disabled retirees: RP-2014 Disabled		
	retirees, sex-distinct, generational with		
	Unisex, Social Security Data Scale.		

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2016 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2016.

#### F. Long-term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying

assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Assumed Asset Allocation				
Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	Target		
Cash	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%		
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%		
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%		
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%		
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%		
Alternative Equity	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%		
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%		
Total			100.0%		

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Compounded Annual Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	3.49%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.38%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.09%
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.45%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	6.30%
Small Cap US Equities	1.30%	6.69%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.30%	6.80%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	6.71%
Emerging Foreign Equities	4.12%	7.45%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	7.01%
Private Equities	17.50%	7.82%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.37%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.09%
Hedge Fund - Event-Driven	0.63%	5.86%
Timber	1.88%	5.62%
Farmland	1.88%	6.15%
Infrastructure	3.75%	6.60%
Commodities	1.88%	3.84%
Total	100.00%	
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.50%

#### G. Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

#### H. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# I. Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% De	ecrease (6.20%)	Discou	nt Rate (7.20%)	1% In	crease (8.20%)
City's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability (asset)	\$	12,454,291	\$	7,452,355	\$	3,323,664

#### J. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

#### K. Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period

There were no changes during the June 30, 2018 measurement period that require disclosure.

#### L. Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

There were no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2018 measurement period that require disclosure.

#### 10. Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions

The other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for the City combines two separate plans. The City provides an implicit rate subsidy for retiree health insurance premiums, and a contribution to the State of Oregon's PERS cost-sharing multiple-employer defined health insurance benefit plan.

#### A. Financial Statement Presentation

The City's two OPEB plans are presented in the aggregate on the Statement of Net Position. The amounts on the financial statements relate to the plans as follows:

	-	icit Rate ubsidy	PEI	RS RHIA Plan	l OPEB on inancials
Net OPEB Asset	\$	-	\$	49,194	\$ 49,194
Change in Proportionate Share		-		174	174
Contributions After MD		22,324		21,153	43,477
Total OPEB Liability		(269,573)		-	(269,573)
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Difference in Experience		(6,062)		(2,788)	(8,850)
Difference in Earnings		-		(10,606)	(10,606)
Change in Assumptions		(62,469)		(156)	(62,625)
Change in Proportionate Share		-		(478)	(478)
OPEB Expense/(Income)*		30,945		(4,722)	26,223

<sup>\*</sup>Included in program expenses on Statement of Activities

#### **B.** Implicit Rate Subsidy

#### 1. Plan Description

The City's single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan is administered by CityCounty Insurance Services (CIS). Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and representatives of collective bargaining units or through resolutions passed by City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

The City's postemployment healthcare plan administrator issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CIS. This report may be obtained through their website at: <a href="https://www.cisoregon.org/About/TrustDocs.">https://www.cisoregon.org/About/TrustDocs.</a>

#### 2. Benefits Provided

The plan provides eligible retirees and their dependents under age 65 the same health care coverage at the same premium rates as offered to active employees. The retiree is responsible for the premiums. As of the valuation date of July 1, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	2
Active employees	71
	73

# 3. Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The City's total OPEB liability of \$269,573 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense from this plan of \$30,945. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$ -	\$	6,062	
Changes of assumptions	 		62,469	
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)	-		68,531	
Contributions subsequent to the MD	 22,324		-	
	 <u>.</u>			
Total	\$ 22,324	\$	68,531	

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$22,324 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	_	
2020	\$	(9,083)
2021		(9,083)
2022		(9,083)
2023		(9,083)
2024		(9,083)
Thereafter		(23,116)
Total	\$	(68,531)

#### 4. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.50 percent
Discount Rate	3.87 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.50 percent overall payroll growth
Retiree Healthcare Participation	40% of eligible employees 60% of male members
_	and 35% of female members will elect spouse
	coverage.
Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2014 healthy annuitant, sex distinct mortality tables blended 50/50 blue collar and white collar, set back one year for males. Mortality is projected on a generational basis using the Unisex Social Security Data scale.
	Healthcare cost trend rate:  Medical and vision: 7.00 percent per year decreasing to 4.75 percent.
	Dental: 4.50 percent per year

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index.

#### 5. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes in assumptions is the result of the change in the discount rate from 3.58% to 3.87%.

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	290,714
Changes for the year:		20.606
Service cost		28,686
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		11,343
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(6,860)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		(49,167)
Benefit payments		(5,143)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	269,573

#### 6. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability

The following presents the City's OPEB liability, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.87 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.87 percent) than the current discount rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare trend assumption.

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	1% Decrease (2.87%)		Current Discount Rate (3.87%)		1% Increase (4.87%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	297,111	\$	269,573	\$	244,583
Healthcare Cost Trend:	1%	Decrease		ent Health Frend Rates	1%	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	233,350	\$	269,573	\$	313,531

#### C. PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account

#### 1. Plan Description

The City contributes to the PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by PERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums for eligible retirees. ORS 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants hired after August 29, 2003. PERS issues publicly available financial statements and required supplementary

information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, or online at: <a href="https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2018-CAFR.pdf">https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2018-CAFR.pdf</a>.

#### 2. Benefits Provided

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

#### 3. Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2017. The City's contribution rates for the period were 0.50% for Tier One/Tier Two members, and 0.43% for OPSRP members. The City's total for the year ended June 30, 2019 contributions was \$21,153.

# 4. OPEB Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the City reported an asset of \$49,194 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The City's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the City's contributions to the RHIA program during the measurement period relative to contributions from all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 0.4407%, which is an increase from its proportion of 0.4101% as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB income from this plan of \$4,722. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual	 			
experience	\$ -	\$	2,788	
Changes of assumptions	-		156	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on investments	-		10,606	
Changes in proportionate share	 174		478	
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)	174		14,028	
Contributions subsequent to the MD	 21,153			
Total	\$ 21,327	\$	14,028	

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$21,153 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	_	
2020	\$	(4,569)
2021		(4,598)
2022		(3,630)
2023		(1,057)
2024		-
Total	\$	(13,854)

#### 5. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB asset in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the actuarial methods and assumptions are the same as listed above in note 9.E. Pension Plan - Actuarial Assumptions

#### 6. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Are the same as listed above in Note 9.F. Pension Plan – Long-term Expected Rate of Return.

#### 7. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.20% for the RHIA Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the RHIA plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-

term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the RHIA Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

# 8. Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

#### Discount Rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	(6.20%)		Rate (7.20%)		(8.20%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	(28,643)	\$	(49,194)	\$	(66,687)

#### 9. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

#### 10. Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period

There were no changes during the June 30, 2018 measurement period that require disclosure.

#### 11. Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

There were no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2018 measurement period that require disclosure.

#### 11. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued *Statement No. 88*, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt*, *including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. GASB Statement 88 amends portions of Statement No. 34, paragraph 119, and Statement No. 38, paragraphs 10 and 12 and establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for disclosures related to borrowings. GASB Statement 88 establishes standards for disclosure in notes related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements, along with other essential information about debt. The City implemented Statement 88 for the year ending June 30, 2019.

#### 12. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to errors and omissions; automobile; damage to a destruction of assets; bodily injury; and worker's compensation for which the City carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not reached the level of commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 13. Contingencies

The City has received several federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. Based upon prior experience, City management believes such disallowance, if any, will be immaterial.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

- > Budgetary Comparison Schedules
  - General Fund
  - Street Fund
  - Urban Renewal Agency Fund
  - Transit Fund
- > Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- > Schedule of Contributions Pension
- > Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (ASSET) (RHIA)
- > Schedule of Contributions OPEB (RHIA)
- > Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (CIS)
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB (CIS)

	Biennial Budget				
	Original	Final			
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$ 6,504,000				
Public service taxes	3,043,744	3,074,460			
Franchise fees	1,067,400	1,067,400			
Grants	305,006				
Charges for services	1,657,200				
Licenses and permits	810,000				
Fines and forfeitures	710,200	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Interest	36,000				
Contributions and donations	17,500	17,500			
Miscellaneous	22,100	120,272			
Indirect service	1,850,403	1,850,403			
Total revenues	16,023,553	15,644,289			
EXPENDITURES:					
General government	1,889,131	1,856,106			
Economic development	1,846,485	1,866,026			
Public safety	5,539,367				
Culture and recreation	4,862,768	5,038,002			
Capital outlay	909,862	721,062			
Debt service:					
Principal	352,667	467,667			
Interest	23,569	23,569			
Contingency	1,470,255	807,858			
Indirect service	1,281,309	1,281,309			
Total expenditures	18,175,413	17,650,163			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,151,860	(2,005,874)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Issuance of debt	284,227	284,227			
Interfund loan receipts	-	356,272			
Sale of capital assets	500	500			
Transfers in	8,422,480	8,879,438			
Transfers out	(8,822,069	(10,188,936)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(114,862	(668,499)			
Net changes in fund balance	(2,266,722	(2,674,373)			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	2,266,722	2,674,373			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$ -			

Interfund loan receivable

FUND BALANCE, ENDING

			Actual			Variance with		
	FY 2018	]	FY 2019		Biennial	Final Budget		
\$	3,230,419	\$	3,472,831	\$	6,703,250	\$	199,250	
Ψ	1,577,420	Ψ	1,693,686	Ψ	3,271,106	Ψ	196,646	
	639,363		640,785		1,280,148		212,748	
	124,912		290,123		415,035		49,529	
	966,103		535,930		1,502,033		(142,215)	
	392,221		403,748		795,969		251,969	
	181,926		212,824		394,750		(25,750)	
	39,745		71,239		110,984		74,984	
	5,716		6,440		12,156		(5,344)	
	183,916		187,119		371,035		250,763	
	-		-		-		(1,850,403)	
	7 241 741		7.514.705		14.056.466		(505.022)	
	7,341,741		7,514,725		14,856,466		(787,823)	
	825,538		906,714		1,732,252		123,854	
	803,940		994,366		1,798,306		67,720	
	2,857,167		2,741,413		5,598,580		(10,016)	
	2,391,752		2,481,919		4,873,671		164,331	
	468,342		210,785		679,127		41,935	
	294,311		142,317		436,628		31,039	
	23,569		20,320		43,889		(20,320)	
	-		-		-		807,858	
	640,657		640,652		1,281,309		-	
	8,305,276		8,138,486		16,443,762		1,206,401	
	(963,535)		(623,761)		(1,587,296)		418,578	
	308,144		94,336 356,272		402,480 356,272		118,253	
	2,500		3,467		5,967		5,467	
	1,012,822		1,131,071		2,143,893		(6,735,545)	
	(375,098)		(818,326)		(1,193,424)		8,995,512	
	948,368		766,820		1,715,188		2,383,687	
	(15,167)		143,059		127,892		2,802,265	
	2,393,994		2,378,827		4,772,821		2,098,448	
	2,378,827		2,521,886	\$	4,900,713	\$	4,900,713	
			(356,272)					
\$	2,378,827	\$	2,165,614					

	Biennial Budget				
	Original	Final			
REVENUES:					
Public service taxes	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 2,300,000			
Grants	700,000	700,000			
Special assessments	20,000	20,000			
System development charges	510,000	510,000			
Interest	25,100	25,100			
Miscellaneous	11,000	11,000			
Total revenues	3,566,100	3,566,100			
EXPENDITURES:					
Personnel services	470,735	470,735			
Materials and services	1,276,450	1,276,450			
Capital outlay	3,874,239	3,874,239			
Debt service:					
Principal	119,673	119,673			
Interest	6,889	6,889			
Contingency	504,210	504,210			
Total expenditures	6,252,196	6,252,196			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,686,096)	(2,686,096)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Issuance of debt	12,488	12,488			
Sale of capital assets	1,000	1,000			
Transfers out	(106,230)	(106,230)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(92,742)	(92,742)			
Net changes in fund balance	(2,778,838)	(2,778,838)			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	2,778,838	2,778,838			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

			Actual			Variance w		
	FY 2018		FY 2019		Biennial		nal Budget	
\$	1,004,323	\$	1,117,592	\$	2,121,915	\$	(178,085) (700,000)	
	32,134		18,318		50,452		30,452	
	612,594		586,613		1,199,207		689,207	
	54,141		110,959		165,100		140,000	
	26,887		56,831		83,718		72,718	
	1,730,079		1,890,313		3,620,392		54,292	
	239,664		256,567		496,231		(25,496)	
	356,002		636,545		992,547		283,903	
	29,195		34,171		63,366		3,810,873	
	58,799		60,287		119,086		587 ¹	
	4,189		2,657		6,846		43 1	
	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		504,210	
	687,849		990,227		1,678,076		4,574,120	
	1,042,230		900,086		1,942,316		4,628,412	
	11,653		-		11,653		(835)	
	-		267		267		(733)	
	(53,115)		(53,115)		(106,230)			
	(41,462)		(52,848)		(94,310)		(1,568)	
	1,000,768		847,238		1,848,006		4,626,844	
	3,167,899		4,168,667		7,336,566		4,557,728	
\$	4,168,667	\$	5,015,905	\$	9,184,572	\$	9,184,572	

#### CITY OF SANDY, OREGON URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Biennial Budget				
		Original		Final	
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$	3,081,900	\$	3,081,900	
Interest		27,000		27,000	
Total revenues		3,108,900		3,108,900	
EXPENDITURES:					
Personnel services		120,470		120,470	
Materials and services		101,550		101,550	
Capital outlay		8,033,956		8,033,956	
Debt service:					
Interest		118,000		118,000	
Contingency		1,095,649		1,095,649	
Total expenditures		9,469,625		9,469,625	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(6,360,725)		(6,360,725)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out		(1,769,389)		(1,769,389)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,769,389)		(1,769,389)	
Net changes in fund balance		(8,130,114)		(8,130,114)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		8,130,114		8,130,114	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$		\$		

Actual						Variance with		
	FY 2018		FY 2019	Biennial		F	inal Budget	
\$	1,612,446 112,380	\$	1,758,506 130,396	\$	3,370,952 242,776	\$	289,052 215,776	
	1,724,826		1,888,902		3,613,728		504,828	
	49,462 51,827 4,170,741		54,460 27,505 431,226		103,922 79,332 4,601,967		16,548 22,218 3,431,989	
	- -		117,994		117,994		6 1,095,649	
	4,272,030		631,185		4,903,215		4,566,410	
	(2,547,204)		1,257,717		(1,289,487)		5,071,238	
	(897,266)		(779,272)		(1,676,538)		92,851	
	(897,266)		(779,272)		(1,676,538)		92,851	
	(3,444,470)		478,445		(2,966,025)		5,164,089	
	8,277,279		4,832,809		13,110,088		4,979,974	
\$	4,832,809	\$	5,311,254	\$	10,144,063	\$	10,144,063	

	Biennial Budget				
	Original			Final	
REVENUES:					
Public service taxes	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	
Grants		2,238,937		2,578,937	
Charges for services		209,400		290,980	
Interest		10,000		10,000	
Intergovernmental		47,500		47,500	
Miscellaneous					
Total revenues		3,505,837		3,927,417	
EXPENDITURES:					
Personnel services		379,795		479,795	
Materials and services		1,910,625		2,023,205	
Capital outlay		1,191,279		1,288,279	
Contingency		1,923,758		992,860	
Total expenditures		5,405,457		4,784,139	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,899,620)		(856,722)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Interfund loan receipts		-		-	
Interfund loan payments		-		(856,272)	
Transfers out		(168,434)		(168,434)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(168,434)		(1,024,706)	
Net changes in fund balance		(2,068,054)		(1,881,428)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		2,068,054		1,881,428	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	_	\$		

Interfund loan receivable

FUND BALANCE, ENDING

		Actual FY 2019	Biennial	Variance with Final Budget			
 11 2016		1 1 2019	 Bicilliai	1.1	mai Budget		
\$ 669,412	\$	677,067	\$ 1,346,479	\$	346,479		
950,742		919,549	1,870,291		(708,646)		
88,221		84,325	172,546		(118,434)		
30,702		44,797	75,499		65,499		
41,250		74,350	115,600		68,100		
 5,418		19,111	 24,529		24,529		
 1,785,745		1,819,199	 3,604,944		(322,473)		
234,189		254,427	488,616		(8,821)		
1,021,537		1,068,062	2,089,599		$(66,394)^{-1}$		
93,114		114	93,228		1,195,051		
 <u> </u>			<u> </u>		992,860		
1,348,840		1,322,603	 2,671,443		2,112,696		
436,905		496,596	933,501		1,790,223		
<u>-</u>		55,431	55,431		55,431		
_		(856,272)	(856,272)		-		
 (84,217)		(84,217)	 (168,434)		1		
 (84,217)		(885,058)	 (969,275)		55,431		
352,688		(388,462)	(35,774)		1,845,654		
 1,881,430		2,234,118	4,115,548		2,234,120		
2,234,118		1,845,656	\$ 4,079,774	\$	4,079,774		
		810,442					
\$ 2,234,118	\$	2,656,098					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Last Six Fiscal Years 1

Measurement Date June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	of th	(b) City's ortionate share ae net pension bility (asset)	(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2018	0.04919473%	\$	7,452,354	\$ 4,686,533	159.02%	82.10%
2017	0.04837362%		6,520,782	4,309,195	151.32%	83.10%
2016	0.04639990%		6,965,702	4,182,946	166.53%	80.53%
2015	0.05014105%		2,878,829	3,743,111	76.91%	91.90%
2014	0.04860486%		(1,101,733)	3,678,613	-29.95%	103.60%
2013	0.05014105%		673,613	3,634,579	18.53%	91.97%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

#### Changes in Benefit Terms:

The 2013 Oregon Legislature made a series of changes to PERS that lowered projected future benefit payments from the System. These changes included reductions to future Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) made through Senate Bills 822 and 861. Senate Bill 822 also required the contribution rates scheduled to be in effect from July 2013 to June 2015 to be reduced. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future System Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014 total pension liability.

#### Changes of Assumptions:

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 total pension liability and June 30, 2018 total pension liability. For June 30, 2016, the changes included the lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.50 percent and lowering of the assumed inflation to 2.50 percent. For June 30, 2018, the long-term expected rate of return was lowered to 7.20 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale for all groups, and assumptions were updated for merit increases, unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

## CITY OF SANDY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION

#### For the Last Six Fiscal Years <sup>1</sup>

Year Ended June 30,	r	(a) tatutorily equired ntribution	rela statuto	(b) ributions in tion to the orily required ntribution	Contr defic	ibution ciency cess)	(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2019	\$	758,025	\$	758,025	\$	_	\$ 4,981,924	15.22%
2018		721,679		721,679		-	4,686,533	15.40%
2017		550,058		550,058		-	4,309,195	12.76%
2016		499,561		499,561		-	4,182,946	11.94%
2015		439,953		439,953		-	3,743,111	11.75%
2014		400,323		400,323		-	3,678,613	10.88%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2011
Effective:	July 2017 - June 2019	July 2015 - June 2017	July 2013 - June 2015
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method:	Market value	Market value	Market value
Remaining amortization periods:	20 years	20 years	N/A
Actuarial assumptions			
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.75 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent	3.75 percent	3.75 percent
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent	7.75 percent	8.00 percent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (RHIA) For the Last Three Fiscal Years $^1$

						(b/c) City's	
	(a) City's		(b) City's		(c)	proportionate share	Plan fiduciary net position as
Measurement Date	ment proportion of proportionate share			City's covered	of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its	a percentage of the total OPEB	
June 30,	liability (asset)	liabi	liability (asset)		payroll	covered payroll	liability
2018 2017	0.04407014% 0.04101136%	\$	(49,194) (17,116)	\$	4,686,533 4,309,195	-1.05% -0.40%	124.00% 108.90%
2016	0.03960650%		10,756		4,182,946	0.26%	108.90%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

#### Changes of Assumptions:

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2018 total OPEB liability. The changes include lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.20 percent. In addition, healthy retiree participation and healthy mortality assumptions were changes to reflect an updated trends and mortality improvement scale for all groups.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB (RHIA)

For the Last Three Fiscal Years <sup>1</sup>

Year Ended June 30,	led determined actuarially requ		ributions in tion to the ially required	de	(a-b) ntribution ficiency excess)	pr	(c) oportion of covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2019	\$	21,153	\$	21,153	\$	_	\$	4,981,924	0.42%
2018		21,339		21,339		=		4,686,533	0.46%
2017		20,418		20,418		-		4,309,195	0.47%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation: December 31, 2015		December 31, 2013	December 31, 2011		
Effective:	July 2017 - June 2019	July 2015 - June 2017	July 2013 - June 2015		
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Projected Unit Credit		
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed	Level percentage of payroll, closed	Level percentage of payroll, closed		
Amortization period:	10 years	10 years	10 years		
Asset valuation method:	Market value	Market value	Market value		
Remaining amortization periods:	20 years	20 years	N/A		
Actuarial assumptions					
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.75 percent	2.75 percent		
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent	3.75 percent	3.75 percent		
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent	7.75 percent	8.00 percent		
Healthcare cost trend rates	None. Statute stipulates \$60	None. Statute stipulates \$60	None. Statute stipulates \$60		
	monthly payment for healthcare	monthly payment for healthcare	monthly payment for healthcare		
	insurance	insurance	insurance		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIO'S For the Last Two Fiscal Years

	 2019	2018		
Total OPEB Liability	_			
Service Interest	\$ 28,685	\$	30,636	
Interest	11,344		8,819	
Changes of benefit terms	-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(6,860)		-	
Changes of assumptions	(49,167)		(22,856)	
Benefit payment	 (5,143)		(9,296)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	(21,141)		7,303	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 290,714		283,411	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	269,573		290,714	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,686,533	\$	4,309,195	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	5.75%		6.75%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB (CIS)

For the Last Three Fiscal Years <sup>1</sup>

Ended		(a) tuarially termined ntribution	ed actuarially required		(a-b) Contribution deficiency (excess)		(c) City's covered payroll		(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2019	\$	22,324	\$	22,324	\$	-	\$	4,981,924	0.45%	
2018		5,143		5,143		-		4,686,533	0.11%	
2017		9,296		9,296		-		4,309,195	0.22%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2016
Effective:	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2016 and 2017
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Amortization period:	6.8 years	7.7 years
Asset valuation method:	Market value	Market value
Remaining amortization periods:	20 years	20 years
Actuarial assumptions		
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent	3.50 percent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

#### 1. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### A. Budgetary Information

On a biennial basis, the City enacts a resolution approving the budget, appropriating the expenditures, and levying the property taxes. Prior to enacting this resolution, the proposed budget is presented to a budget committee consisting of members of the City Council and a like number of interested citizens. The budget committee presents the budget to the City Council for budget hearings prior to enactment of the resolution. The City budgets all funds, except the Fiduciary Funds, as required by Oregon Local Budget Law. The basis of budgeting for all major funds is the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the legal level of control by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total expenditures by department as established by the resolution are the legal level of control for the General Fund. Total expenditures by program level for operations and capital outlay are the legal level of control for all other funds except for the Parks Capital Project Fund and the Urban Renewal Agency Fund. Expenditure categories of personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service, transfers, and contingency are the legal level of control for these funds. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific information for the above mentioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and adoption by the City Council. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriation transfers between the legal levels of control within a fund. Such transfers require approval by the City Council.

#### **B.** Expenditures in excess of appropriations

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Fund	Budget Category	Amount of	Over Expenditure	
General Fund	Police	\$	94,520	
General Fund	Library		49,276	
General Fund	Economic Development		5,288	
Street Fund	Operations		25,496	
Transit Fund	Operations		75,215	
Sewer Fund	Operations		71,479	

#### C. Deficit Fund Balance

At June 30, 2019, the Telecommunications Fund had a deficit budgetary basis fund balance of (\$319,477).

### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- ➤ Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
  - General Fund Expenditures
  - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
  - Enterprise Funds
  - Internal Service Fund
- > Other Financial Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### **Special Revenue Fund**

These funds account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The fund included in this category is:

#### **Aquatic/Recreation Center Fund**

The Aquatics/Recreation Center Fund is a special revenue fund to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted for the specific purpose of operations for the future multi-use facility.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

These funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the servicing of general long-term debt:

#### **City FFC Debt Service Fund**

The Full Faith Credit (FFC) Debt Service Fund is to account for payment of long-term debt principal and interest on a Full Faith & Credit funding loaned to the Sandy Urban Renewal Agency (SURA) for the 2014 Refunding Bond - Sandy Police Building and the 2017 Series - capital improvements to fire district facilities, and purchase of property for a future aquatic/recreation center property. Both projects are listed in the Urban Renewal Plan.

#### **Capital Projects Fund**

These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items and facilities. The fund included in this category is:

#### Parks Capital Project Fund

The Parks Capital Project Fund accounts for System Development Charges (SDC) and grant money to fund park projects.

	C	tic/Recreation enter Fund cial Revenue Fund	City FFC Debt Service Fund Debt Service Funds	P	arks Capital Project Fund pital Projects Fund	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	119,958	\$ 	\$	1,854,628	\$ 1,974,586
Total assets	\$	119,958	\$ <del>-</del>	\$	1,854,628	\$ 1,974,586
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	5,947	\$ 	\$	400	\$ 6,347
Total liabilities		5,947	 		400	6,347
FUND BALANCES:						
Restricted:						
System development charges		-	-		1,074,718	1,074,718
Park projects		-	-		779,510	779,510
Assigned:						
Special revenue fund	-	114,011	 			 114,011
Total fund equity		114,011	 <u>-</u>		1,854,228	 1,968,239
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	119,958	\$ 	\$	1,854,628	\$ 1,974,586

	Aquatic/Recreation Center Fund Special Revenue Fund		City FFC Debt Service Fund Debt Service Funds	Parks Capital Project Fund Capital Projects Fund	Total	
REVENUES:	¢.	6.217	¢.	Φ	•	6.217
Franchise fees	\$	6,217	\$ -	\$ -	\$	6,217
Charges for services		99,597	-	201.667		99,597
System development charges Interest		439	-	381,667		381,667
Contributions and donations		439	-	35,748		36,187
	-		-	471,717		471,717
Indirect service				2,025		2,025
Total revenues		106,253		891,157		997,410
EXPENDITURES:						
General government		464,946	_	24,286		489,232
Capital outlay		640	_	-		640
Debt service:						
Principal		-	651,858	-		651,858
Interest			117,965			117,965
Total expenditures		465,586	769,823	24,286		1,259,695
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(359,333)	(769,823)	866,871		(262,285)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		458,075	769,823	23,918		1,251,816
Transfers in		130,073	705,025	23,710		1,231,010
Total other financing sources (uses)		458,075	769,823	23,918		1,251,816
Net changes in fund balances		98,742	-	890,789		989,531
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		15,269		963,439		978,708
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	114,011	\$ -	\$ 1,854,228	\$	1,968,239

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Biennia	Biennial Budget	
	Original	Final	FY 2018
Mayor and city council			
Materials and services	\$ 39,016	\$ 44,016	\$ 8,859
Capital outlay	2,500	2,500	1,785
Indirect service	23,706	23,706	11,853
Transfer	730	730	-
Subtotal	65,952	70,952	22,497
Administration			
Personnel services	405,805	405,805	211,006
Materials and services	83,500	83,500	19,505
Capital outlay	11,000	11,000	5,565
Contingency	12,898	12,898	
Subtotal	513,203	513,203	236,076
Legal			
Materials and services	201,725	220,000	86,992
Subtotal	201,725	220,000	86,992
Municipal court			
Personnel services	120,727	120,727	68,609
Materials and services	44,750	44,750	-
Capital outlay	2,000	2,000	2,324
Indirect services	21,010	21,010	10,505
Contingency	51,066	51,066	
Subtotal	239,553	239,553	81,438
Finance			
Personnel services	516,223	516,223	246,681
Materials and services	146,120	146,120	60,946
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000	5,806
Contingency	37,767	37,767	
Subtotal	705,110	705,110	313,433
Library			
Personnel services	2,161,985	2,161,985	1,106,290
Materials and services	451,031	451,031	227,637
Capital outlay	19,282	19,282	30,781
Debt service	91,876	91,876	45,937
Indirect service	303,686	303,686	151,843
Contingency	57,377	57,377	
Subtotal	3,085,237	3,085,237	1,562,488

Actual	D 1	Variance with
FY 2019	Biennial	Final Budget
\$ 19,620	\$ 28,479	\$ 15,537
1,286	\$ 28,479 3,071	\$ 15,537 (571)
11,853	23,706	(3/1)
365	365	365
303	303	
33,124	55,621	15,331
226,641	437,647	(31,842)
12,251	31,756	51,744
-	5,565	5,435
-	-	12,898
238,892	474,968	38,235
133,000	219,992	8
133,000	219,992	8
50,610	119,219	1,508
12,744	12,744	32,006
10.505	2,324	(324)
10,505	21,010	51,066
73,859	155,297	84,256
226,404	473,085	43,138
61,151	122,097	24,023
3,860	9,666	(4,666)
		37,767
291,415	604,848	100,262
1,132,169	2,238,459	(76,474)
241,172	468,809	(17,778)
904	31,685	(12,403)
45,937	91,874	2
151,843	303,686	-
<u>-</u> .		57,377
1,572,025	3,134,513	(49,276)
45,937 151,843	91,874 303,686	57,37

	Biennial B	udget	
	Original	Final	FY 2018
Continued			
Police			
Personnel services	4,640,715	4,686,412	2,327,191
Materials and services	733,175	736,675	461,367
Capital outlay	382,356	378,056	330,476
Debt service	239,271	239,271	134,717
Indirect service	509,121	509,121	254,562
Transfer	5,813	5,813	-
Contingency	18,252	18,252	-
Subtotal	6,528,703	6,573,600	3,508,313
Recreation			
Personnel services	452,460	452,460	235,091
Materials and services	291,700	291,700	109,330
Capital outlay	9,000	9,000	5,128
Indirect service	66,820	66,820	33,410
Contingency	163,351	163,351	-
Subtotal	983,331	983,331	382,959
Seniors			
Personnel services	651,969	827,203	314,944
Materials and services	259,500	259,500	108,907
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000	4,479
Indirect service	90,312	90,312	45,156
Contingency	53,000	53,000	
Subtotal	1,059,781	1,235,015	473,486
Parks maintenance			
Personnel services	401,683	401,683	209,911
Materials and services	192,440	192,440	79,642
Capital outlay	97,550	97,550	11,770
Indirect service	58,216	58,216	29,108
Transfer	6,554	6,554	-
Contingency	5,581	5,581	
Subtotal	762,024	762,024	330,431

Actual		Variance with
FY 2019	Biennial	Final Budget
2,304,733	4,631,924	54,488
373,326	834,693	(98,018)
125,305	455,781	(77,725)
98,977	233,694	5,577
254,559	509,121	-
2,907	2,907	2,906
	<u>-</u> _	18,252
3,159,807	6,668,120	(94,520)
192,501	427,592	24,868
81,687	191,017	100,683
3,693	8,821	179
33,410	66,820	-
<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	163,351
311,291	694,250	289,081
348,395	663,339	163,864
135,386	244,293	15,207
6,176	10,655	(5,655)
45,156	90,312	-
	-	53,000
535,113	1,008,599	226,416
243,433	453,344	(51,661)
107,176	186,818	5,622
31,679	43,449	54,101
29,108	58,216	-
3,277	3,277	3,277
	<u>-</u>	5,581
414,673	745,104	16,920

	Biennial Budget		
	Original	Final	FY 2018
Continued			
Planning			
Personnel services	379,907	399,448	177,874
Materials and services	94,381	94,381	36,122
Capital outlay	12,000	12,000	8,410
Indirect service	72,082	72,082	36,041
Contingency	51,622	51,622	
Subtotal	609,992	629,533	258,447
Building			
Personnel services	577,774	577,774	271,525
Materials and services	119,762	119,762	41,776
Capital outlay	15,000	15,000	4,288
Indirect service	103,839	103,839	51,920
Contingency	229,816	229,816	-
Subtotal	1,046,191	1,046,191	369,509
Economic development			
Personnel services	148,196	148,196	71,192
Materials and services	170,120	170,120	54,437
Capital outlay	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, <u>-</u>	1,484
Indirect service	32,517	32,517	16,259
Contingency	1,785	1,785	-
Subtotal	352,618	352,618	143,372
Non departmental			
Personnel services	25,500	_	_
Materials and services	471,242	440,442	191,549
Capital outlay	224,174	39,674	43,483
Debt Service	9,644	124,644	119,503
Transfer	85,000	1,180,343	375,098
Contingency	785,000	122,603	<u> </u>
Subtotal	1,600,560	1,907,706	729,633
Information technology			
Personnel services	247,689	247,689	102,804
Materials and services	108,656	108,656	48,210
Capital outlay	125,000	125,000	12,563
Debt service	35,445	35,445	17,723
Contingency	2,740	2,740	- <u>-</u>
Subtotal	519,530	519,530	181,300

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

Actual		Variance with
FY 2019	Biennial	Final Budget
213,592	391,466	7,982
32,774	68,896	25,485
7,749	16,159	(4,159)
36,041	72,082	-
		51,622
290,156	548,603	80,930
304,521	576,046	1,728
45,413	87,189	32,573
9,252	13,540	1,460
51,919	103,839	-
		229,816
411,105	780,614	265,577
76,541	147,733	463
120,386	174,823	(4,703)
1,349	2,833	(2,833)
16,258	32,517	-
		1,785
214,534	357,906	(5,288)
-	-	-
227,647	419,196	21,246
6,789	50,272	(10,598)
- 011 777	119,503	5,141
811,777	1,186,875	(6,532)
<del>-</del>		122,603
1,046,213	1,775,846	131,860
127,297	230,101	17,588
73,842	122,052	(13,396)
12,743	25,306	99,694
17,723	35,446	(1)
		2,740
231,605	412,905	106,625
\$ 8,956,812	\$ 17,637,186	\$ 1,206,417

### CITY OF SANDY, OREGON AQUATIC/RECREATION CENTER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Biennial Budget					
	Original	Final				
REVENUES:						
Franchise fees	\$ -	\$ -				
Charges for services	133,105	339,880				
Interest	<del>-</del>					
Total revenues	133,105	339,880				
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel services	14,508	387,000				
Materials and services	118,597	277,784				
Capital outlay	-	8,000				
Contingency	<del>-</del>	17,096				
Total expenditures	133,105	689,880				
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(350,000)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		350,000				
Total other financing sources (uses)		350,000				
Net changes in fund balances	-	-				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING						
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

			Actual			Variance Positive	
	FY 2018		FY 2019	 Biennial	(Negative)		
\$	1,800 3,138	\$	6,217 99,597	\$ 8,017 102,735	\$	8,017 (237,145)	
	15		439	 454		454	
	4,953		106,253	111,206		(228,674)	
	18,207		335,155	353,362		33,638	
	99,312 5,269		129,791 640	229,103 5,909		48,681 <sup>1</sup> 2,091 <sup>1</sup>	
	5,209		-	3,909		17,096	
	122,788		465,586	588,374		101,506	
	(117,835)		(359,333)	(477,168)		(127,168)	
	133,104		458,075	591,179		241,179	
	133,104		458,075	 591,179		241,179	
	15,269		98,742	114,011		114,011	
			15,269	 15,269		15,269	
\$	15,269	\$	114,011	\$ 129,280	\$	129,280	

	Biennial Budget				
	Orig	ginal		Final	
EXPENDITURES:				_	
Debt service:					
Principal	\$ 1	,290,889	\$	1,290,889	
Interest		496,001		496,001	
Total expenditures	1	,786,890		1,786,890	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,	,786,890)		(1,786,890)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	1	,786,890		1,786,890	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	,786,890		1,786,890	
Net changes in fund balances		-		-	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING					
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	<u> </u>	\$		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

-	FY 2018	Actual FY 2019	Biennial					Variance Positive Negative)
\$	639,030 248,786	\$ 651,858 117,965	\$	1,290,888 366,751	\$	1 129,250		
	887,816	769,823		1,657,639		129,251		
	(887,816)	(769,823)		(1,657,639)		129,251		
	887,816	 769,823		1,657,639		(129,251)		
	887,816	 769,823		1,657,639		(129,251)		
	-	-		-		-		
		 				<u>-</u>		
\$		\$ 	\$		\$	<u>-</u> _		

	Biennial Budget				
	Original		Final		
REVENUES:					
Grants	\$ 225,000	\$	225,000		
System development charges	300,000		300,000		
Interest	-		-		
Contributions and donations	250,000		250,000		
Miscellaneous	5,570		5,570		
Indirect service	2,500		2,500		
Total revenues	783,070		783,070		
EXPENDITURES:					
Personnel services	-		42,268		
Materials and services	2,000		2,000		
Capital outlay	1,108,556		1,108,556		
Contingency	148,000		148,000		
Total expenditures	1,258,556		1,300,824		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(475,486)		(517,754)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in			42,268		
Total other financing sources (uses)			42,268		
Net changes in fund balances	(475,486)		(475,486)		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	475,486		475,486		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

	27.0040		Actual		Variance Positive
i	FY 2018	FY 2019		 Biennial	 (Negative)
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (225,000)
	333,883		381,667	715,550	415,550
	10,980		35,748	46,728	46,728
	199,129		471,717	670,846	420,846
	-		-	-	(5,570)
	1,775		2,025	 3,800	 1,300
	545,767		891,157	1,436,924	653,854
	11,030		23,501	34,531	7,737 1
	45		785	830	$1,170^{-1}$
	51		-	51	1,108,505
				 	 148,000
	11,126		24,286	 35,412	 1,265,412
	534,641		866,871	1,401,512	1,919,266
	23,920		23,918	47,838	5,570
	23,920		23,918	 47,838	 5,570
	558,561		890,789	1,449,350	1,924,836
	404,878		963,439	 1,368,317	 892,831
\$	963,439	\$	1,854,228	\$ 2,817,667	\$ 2,817,667



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#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Enterprise Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Water Fund
- > Sewer Operations
  - Sewer Fund
  - Sewer Bond Reserve Fund
- > Storm Water Fund
- > Telecommunications Fund

	Biennial Budget			
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,512,500	\$ 2,512,500		
System development charges	330,000	330,000		
Interest	15,000	15,000		
Miscellaneous	30,000	30,000		
Total revenues	2,887,500	2,887,500		
EXPENDITURES:				
Personnel services	515,531	515,531		
Materials and services	1,667,250	1,667,250		
Capital outlay	963,239	963,239		
Debt service:				
Principal	811,793	811,793		
Interest	365,806	365,806		
Contingency	9,530	9,530		
Total expenditures	4,333,149	4,333,149		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,445,649)	(1,445,649)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Issuance of debt	12,489	12,489		
Sale of capital assets	300	300		
Transfers out	(120,058)	(120,058)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(107,269)	(107,269)		
Changes in fund balance	(1,552,918)	(1,552,918)		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	1,552,918	1,552,918		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$ -		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

#### **RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS**

Allowance for doubtful accounts

Capital assets, net

Net OPEB Asset

Deferred outflows related to pensions

Deferred outflows related to OPEB

Notes receivable

Accrued interest

Accrued compensated absence

Loans payable

Net pension liability

Net OPEB liability

Deferred inflows of resources

Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB

#### **NET POSITION**

			Actual				riance with
	FY 2018		FY 2019	Biennial		Fi	nal Budget
\$	1,533,131 245,375 25,246 28,165	\$	1,645,716 232,654 62,549 51,799	\$	3,178,847 478,029 87,795 79,964	\$	666,347 148,029 72,795 49,964
	1,836,196		1,992,718		3,828,914		941,414
	248,198 665,517 90,979		269,517 721,040 95,210		517,715 1,386,557 186,189		(2,184) <sup>1</sup> 280,693 <sup>1</sup> 777,050
	400,329 193,519		410,818 183,514		811,147 377,033		646 <sup>1</sup> (11,227) <sup>1</sup> 9,530
	1,598,542		1,680,099		3,278,641		1,054,508
	237,654		312,619		550,273		1,995,922
	11,653 750 (60,030)		- (60,029)		11,653 750 (120,059)		(836) 450 (1)
	(47,627)		(60,029)		(107,656)		(387)
	190,027		252,590		442,617		1,995,535
	1,961,653		2,151,680		4,113,333		2,560,415
\$	2,151,680		2,404,270	\$	4,555,950	\$	4,555,950

(5,441) 12,739,439 1,709 104,743 1,517 132,969 (97,588) (14,637) (6,385,762) (258,920) (9,366) (16,461) (2,823) \$ 8,593,649

	S	ewer Fund	ewer Bond eserve Fund	otal Sewer Operations
REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$	1,493,300	\$ -	\$ 1,493,300
System development charges		213,195	-	213,195
Interest		16,946	37,213	54,159
Miscellaneous		57,810	 	57,810
Total revenues		1,781,251	37,213	1,818,464
EXPENDITURES:				
Personnel services		268,401	-	268,401
Materials and services		983,685	-	983,685
Capital outlay		477,721	-	477,721
Debt service:				
Principal		65,452	-	65,452
Interest		104,090	 	104,090
Total expenditures		1,899,349	 	 1,899,349
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(118,098)	37,213	(80,885)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Issuance of debt		128,760	-	128,760
Interfund loan receipts		-	106,079	106,079
Sale of capital assets		200	-	200
Transfers out		(63,462)	 	 (63,462)
Total other financing sources (uses)		65,498	 106,079	 171,577
Net changes in fund balance		(52,600)	143,292	90,692
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		466,897	 1,489,145	 1,956,042
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	414,297	\$ 1,632,437	2,046,734
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP I Interfund Loan Allowance for doubtful accounts Capital assets, net Net OPEB Asset Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Notes receivable	BASIS			104,000 (3,729) 6,173,556 1,709 104,743 1,517
Accrued interest Accrued compensated absence				5,706 (8,424) (14,637)
Loans payable				(2,264,038)
Net pension liability				(258,920)
Net OPEB liability				(9,366)
Deferred inflows of resources				(16,461)
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB				 (2,823)
NET POSITION				\$ 5,859,567

	Biennial Budget			
	Original			Final
REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$	2,556,000	\$	2,656,000
Special assessments		-		-
System development charges		177,000		177,000
Interest		2,000		2,000
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000
Total revenues		2,740,000		2,840,000
EXPENDITURES:				
Personnel services		515,531		515,531
Materials and services		1,684,425		1,684,425
Capital outlay		985,239		939,161
Debt service:		-		
Principal		60,249		178,034
Interest		_		216,638
Contingency		96,666		11,520
Total expenditures		3,342,110		3,545,309
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(602,110)		(705,309)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Issuance of debt		262,489		462,489
Sale of capital assets		100		100
Transfers out		(326,925)		(226,925)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(64,336)		235,664
Net changes in fund balance		(666,446)		(469,645)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		666,446		469,645
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$		\$	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

-			Actual			Variance with		
	FY 2018		FY 2019	Biennial		Fin	nal Budget	
\$	1,414,332 44,175	\$	1,493,300	\$	2,907,632 44,175	\$	251,632 44,175	
	197,818		213,195		411,013		234,013	
	4,376		16,946		21,322		19,322	
	6,360		57,810		64,170		59,170	
	1,667,061		1,781,251		3,448,312		608,312	
	247,426		268,401		515,827		(296)	
	877,511		983,685		1,861,196		$(176,771)^{-1}$	
	274,260		477,721		751,981		187,180	
	62,589		65,452		128,041		49,993	
	106,953		104,090		211,043		5,595	
							11,520	
	1,568,739		1,899,349		3,468,088		77,221	
	98,322		(118,098)		(19,776)		685,533	
	11,653		128,760		140,413		(322,076)	
	750		200		950		850	
	(113,463)		(63,462)		(176,925)		50,000	
	(101,060)		65,498		(35,562)		(271,226)	
	(2,738)		(52,600)		(55,338)		414,307	
	469,635		466,897		936,532		466,887	
\$	466,897	\$	414,297	\$	881,194	\$	881,194	

	Biennial Budget				
	О	riginal		Final	
REVENUES: Interest	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	
Total revenues		30,000		30,000	
EXPENDITURES: Contingency		1,826,002		1,726,002	
Total expenditures		1,826,002		1,726,002	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,796,002)		(1,696,002)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Interfund loan receipts Transfers in		308,117 200,000		308,117 100,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		508,117		408,117	
Changes in fund balance		(1,287,885)		(1,287,885)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		1,287,885		1,287,885	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$		\$		

FY 2018				Actual FY 2019 Bie			riance with nal Budget	
\$ 22,376	\$	37,213	\$	59,589	\$ 29,589			
 22,376		37,213		59,589	 29,589			
				<u> </u>	1,726,002			
 					 1,726,002			
22,376		37,213		59,589	1,755,591			
128,336 50,000		106,079		234,415 50,000	(73,702) (50,000)			
 178,336		106,079		284,415	 (123,702)			
200,712		143,292		344,004	1,631,889			
1,288,433		1,489,145		2,777,578	1,489,693			
\$ 1,489,145	\$	1,632,437	\$	3,121,582	\$ 3,121,582			

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Biennial Budget			
	Original		-	Final
REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$	462,500	\$	462,500
Interest		3,000		3,000
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000
Total revenues		466,500	-	466,500
EXPENDITURES:				
Personnel services		269,560		269,560
Materials and services		159,650		159,650
Capital outlay		401,239		401,239
Debt service:				
Principal		75,249		75,249
Interest		49,860		49,860
Contingency		9,609		9,609
Total expenditures		965,167		965,167
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(498,667)		(498,667)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Issuance of debt		12,488		12,488
Transfers out		(42,173)		(42,173)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(29,685)		(29,685)
Changes in fund balance		(528,352)		(528,352)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		528,352		528,352
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$		\$	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

#### RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS

Allowance for doubtful accounts

Capital assets, net

Net OPEB asset

Deferred outflows related to pensions

Deferred outflows related to OPEB

Accrued interest

Accrued compensated absence

Loans payable

Net pension liability

Net OPEB liability

Deferred inflows of resources

Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB

#### **NET POSITION**

		Actual FY 2019				nriance with		
	1 1 2010		1 1 2017		Bicilliai	1	mai Buaget	
\$	248,219	\$	256,706	\$	504,925	\$	42,425	
	8,457		11,837		20,294		17,294	
	2,703		200		2,903		1,903	
	259,379		268,743		528,122		61,622	
	124,670		138,217		262,887		6,673	1
	53,399		76,209		129,608		30,042	1
	15,914		609		16,523		384,716	
	37,331		37,331		74,662		587	1
	25,543		24,318		49,861		(1)	1
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		9,609	
	256,857		276,684		533,541		431,626	
	2,522		(7,941)		(5,419)		493,248	
	11,653		_		11,653		(835)	
	(21,087)		(21,086)		(42,173)		-	
	(9,434)		(21,086)		(30,520)		(835)	
	(6,912)		(29,027)		(35,939)		492,413	
	527,306		520,394		1,047,700		519,348	
\$	520,394		491,367	\$	1,011,761	\$	1,011,761	

(740)
515,162
865
53,016
765
(1,910)
(3,602)
(551,991)
(131,055)
(4,740)
(8,332)
(1,429)
\$ 357,376

	Biennial Budget			
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 3,430,063	\$ 3,458,940		
Interest	-	-		
Miscellaneous	18,000	18,000		
Total revenues	3,448,063	3,476,940		
EXPENDITURES:				
Personnel services	1,175,479	1,150,479		
Materials and services	579,344	552,356		
Capital outlay	561,102	561,102		
Debt service:				
Principal	492,598	492,598		
Interest	592,141	592,141		
Other Fees	2,000	2,000		
Contingency	47,609	476		
Total expenditures	3,450,273	3,351,152		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,210)	125,788		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Issuance of debt	768,506	768,506		
Interfund loan receipts	-	-		
Interfund loan payments	(344,606)	(296,560)		
Transfers in	162,817	162,817		
Transfers out	(111,732)	(99,732)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	474,985	535,031		
Changes in fund balance	472,775	660,819		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	(472,775)	(660,819)		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$ -		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

#### RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS

Interfund loan payable

Allowance for doubtful accounts

Inventory

Capital assets, net

Net OPEB Asset

Deferred outflows related to pensions

Deferred outflows related to OPEB

Accrued interest

Accrued compensated absence

Loans payable

Net pension liability

Net OPEB liability

Deferred inflows of resources

#### NET POSITION

	Actual		Variance with
 FY 2018	FY 2019	Biennial	Final Budget
\$ 1,507,295 686 59,537	\$ 1,623,141 530 72,941	\$ 3,130,436 1,216 132,478	\$ (328,504) 1,216 114,478
 1,567,518	1,696,612	3,264,130	(212,810)
532,508 353,211 532,271	552,104 256,926 180,872	1,084,612 610,137 713,143	65,867 <sup>1</sup> (57,781) <sup>1</sup> (152,041)
225,713 290,537 1,000	267,029 287,599 -	492,742 578,136 1,000	(144) <sup>1</sup> 14,005 <sup>1</sup> 1,000 <sup>1</sup> 476
 1,935,240	1,544,530	3,479,770	(128,618)
(367,722)	152,082	(215,640)	(341,428)
296,457 (135,050) 81,408 (55,866)	500,000 (161,510) 81,409 (49,866)	296,457 500,000 (296,560) 162,817 (105,732)	(472,049) 500,000 - - (6,000)
 186,949	370,033	556,982	21,951
(180,773)	522,115	341,342	(319,477)
 (660,819)	(841,592)	(1,502,411)	(841,592)
\$ (841,592)	(319,477)	\$ (1,161,069)	\$ (1,161,069)

(558,169) (3,861) 161,383 8,830,429 3,746 229,556 3,324 (94,721) (12,104) (7,531,781) (567,454) (20,527) (36,078) (7,487)

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Internal Service Funds**

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Proprietary Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- > Operations Center Internal Service Fund
- > Facility Maintenance Internal Service Fund

	Internal Service Funds						
A COLDITIO	Operations Center Internal Service Fund		Facility Maintenance Internal Service Fund			Total	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	1,423	\$	330,000	\$	331,423	
Total current assets		1,423		330,000		331,423	
Total assets	\$	1,423	\$	330,000	\$	331,423	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION LIABILITIES:  Accounts payable and accrued expenses  Total liabilities	\$	1,423 1,423	\$		\$	1,423	
NET POSITION: Unrestricted  Total net position		<u>-</u>		330,000		330,000	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,423	\$	330,000	\$	331,423	

	Internal Service Funds					
	Operations Center Internal Service Fund		Facility Maintenance Internal Service Fund			Total
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Utilities	\$	29,376	\$	-	\$	29,376
Operating supplies		2,484		-		2,484
Insurance		5,744		-		5,744
Operating costs		2,350		-		2,350
Contract services		9,842				9,842
Total operating expenses		49,796				49,796
Operating income (loss)		(49,796)		-		(49,796)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):						
Interest income		103				103
Total non-operating income (expenses)		103				103
Net income (loss) before transfers		(49,693)		-		(49,693)
TRANSFERS:						
Transfers in (out)		50,729		55,000		105,729
Change in net position		1,036		55,000		56,036
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		(1,036)		275,000		273,964
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$		\$	330,000	\$	330,000

	Internal Service Funds					
	Operations Center Internal Service Fund		Facility Maintenance Internal Service		Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash paid to suppliers and others	\$	(48,752)	\$ -		\$	(48,752)
Cash paid to suppliers and others	<u> </u>	(40,732)	J.		<u> </u>	(40,732)
Net cash provided by operating activities		(48,752)				(48,752)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers in (out)		50,729		55,000		105,729
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		50,729		55,000		105,729
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest revenue		103				103
Net cash provided by investing activities		103				103
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,080		55,000		57,080
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		(657)		275,000		274,343
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	1,423	\$	330,000	\$	331,423
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss) Increase (decrease) in:	\$	(49,796)	\$	-	\$	(49,796)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,044				1,044
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(48,752)	\$		\$	(48,752)

	Biennial Budget			
	О	riginal		Final
REVENUES:				
Interest	\$	2,100	\$	2,100
Total revenues		2,100		2,100
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and services		110,900		110,900
Capital outlay		5,000		5,000
Total expenditures		115,900		115,900
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(113,800)		(113,800)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in		113,458		113,458
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)		113,458		113,458
Changes in fund balance		(342)		(342)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		342		342
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	_	\$	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appropriation level

 FY 2018	Actual Y 2019	Biennial		iance with al Budget
 1 1 2010	 1 201)		Diemiui	 ai Baaget
\$ 1,341	\$ 103	\$	1,444	\$ (656)
 1,341	103		1,444	(656)
59,345	 49,796 <u>-</u>		109,141	 1,759 5,000
 59,345	49,796		109,141	 6,759
(58,004)	(49,693)		(107,697)	6,103
56,729 (220,000)	50,729		107,458 (220,000)	(6,000) (220,000)
 (163,271)	 50,729		(112,542)	 (226,000)
(221,275)	1,036		(220,239)	(219,897)
 220,239	 (1,036)		219,203	 218,861
\$ (1,036)	\$ 	\$	(1,036)	\$ (1,036)

# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON FACILITY MAINTENANCE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Biennial Budget					
	Original			Final		
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and services	\$	50,000	\$	50,000		
Contingency		280,000		280,000		
Total expenditures		330,000		330,000		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(330,000)		(330,000)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		110,000		110,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		110,000		110,000		
Net changes in fund balances		(220,000)		(220,000)		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		220,000		220,000		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>		

F	Y 2018	Actual Y 2019	]	Biennial	I	Variance Positive Jegative)
\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	50,000 280,000
				<u>-</u>		330,000
	-	-		-		330,000
	275,000	55,000		330,000		220,000
	275,000	 55,000		330,000		220,000
	275,000	55,000		330,000		550,000
		275,000		275,000		55,000
\$	275,000	\$ 330,000	\$	605,000	\$	605,000

# OTHER FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

## Sewer Operations

- Comparative Schedule of Net Position
- Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
- Comparative Schedule of Cash Flows

	2019	2018
ASSETS:		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,073,647	\$ 1,861,564
Accounts receivables, net	141,514	132,052
Interfund loan receivable	104,000	205,960
Total current assets	2,319,161	2,199,576
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net	6,173,556	6,100,918
Notes receivable	5,706	9,436
Net OPEB asset	1,709	
Total noncurrent assets	6,180,971	6,110,354
Total assets	8,500,132	8,309,930
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred outflow related to pension	104,743	87,798
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	1,517	930
Total deferred outflows of resources	106,260	88,728
Total assets & deferred outflows of resources	\$ 8,606,392	\$ 8,398,658
LIABILITIES:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 172,156	\$ 38,617
Accrued compensated absences payable	2,927	3,525
Accrued interest payable	8,424	8,674
Loans payable within one year	117,526	65,451
Total current liabilities	301,033	116,267
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Net pension liability	258,920	226,554
Net OPEB liability	9,366	9,506
Accrued compensated absences payable	11,710	14,098
Loans payable, net of current portion	2,146,512	2,135,279
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,426,508	2,385,437
Total liabilities	2,727,541	2,501,704
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred inflow related to pension	16,461	7,635
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	2,823	980
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,284	8,615
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets	3,909,518	3,900,188
Restricted for:		
Debt service	1,736,439	167,211
Unrestricted	213,610	1,820,940
Total net position	5,859,567	5,888,339
•		

	2019	2018	
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,490,614	\$ 1,414,237	
Special assessments and surcharges	209,465	238,365	
Miscellaneous	57,810	6,360	
Total operating revenues	1,757,889	1,658,962	
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Salaries, fringe benefits and payroll taxes	289,069	280,966	
Operating costs	1,086,308	1,058,005	
Depreciation	302,460	309,726	
Total operating expenses	1,677,837	1,648,697	
Operating income (loss)	80,052	10,265	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):			
Interest income	58,278	26,752	
Interest expense	(103,840)	(106,714)	
Gain on the sale of assets	200	750	
Total non-operating income (expenses)	(45,362)	(79,212)	
Net income (loss) before transfers	34,690	(68,947)	
TRANSFERS:			
Transfers in (out)	(63,462)	(63,463)	
Change in net position	(28,772)	(132,410)	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	5,888,339	6,029,937	
CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPAL		(9,188)	
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 5,859,567	\$ 5,888,339	

		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	1,748,427	\$	1,642,178
Cash paid to employees and others for salaries and benefits		(247,733)		(213,886)
Cash paid to suppliers and others		(973,437)		(1,062,569)
Net cash provided by operating activities		527,257		365,723
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payment from (to) other funds for interfund loans and interest		101,960		128,336
Transfers in (out)		(63,462)		(63,463)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		38,498		64,873
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets		(375,098)		(93,766)
Proceeds from loans		128,760		11,653
Principal paid on loans		(65,452)		(62,589)
Interest paid on loans		(103,890)		(106,203)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		(415,680)		(250,905)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest revenue		58,278		26,752
Notes receivable		3,730		3,628
Net cash provided by investing activities		62,008		30,380
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		212,083		210,071
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		1,861,564		1,651,493
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	2,073,647	\$	1,861,564
COMPRISED AS FOLLOWS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,073,647	\$	1,861,564
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,073,647	\$	1,861,564
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ.	00.050	•	10.065
Operating income (loss)	\$	80,052	\$	10,265
Adjustments: Depreciation		302,460		309,726
Decrease (increase) in:		202,.00		505,720
Accounts receivable		(9,462)		(16,784)
Net OPEB Asset		(1,709)		-
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		133,539		28,976
Accrued compensated absences		(2,986)		4,687
Net pension liability		24,247		28,485
Net OPEB liability		1,116		368
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	527,257	\$	365,723



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

7624 SW Mohawk Street Tualatin, OR 97062 www.merina.com 503.723.0300



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Sandy, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sandy, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Sandy, Oregon's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2019.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Sandy, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sandy, Oregon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sandy, Oregon's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Sandy, Oregon's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon

December 30, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *OREGON STATE REGULATION* 

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON STATE REGULATION

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Sandy, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of City of Sandy, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Sandy, Oregon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts:

- Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayments.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials. The City does not have any elected
  officials collecting or receiving money.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe City of Sandy, Oregon was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations* except as follows.

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Fund Budget Category Amount
General Fund Library \$49,279



General Fund	Police	\$ 94,520
General Fund	Economic Development	\$ 5,288
Transit Fund	Operations	\$ 75,215
Sewer Fund	Operations	\$ 71,479

At June 30, 2019, the following funds had a deficit budgetary basis fund balance:

Fund Amount
Telecommunications Fund \$ (319,477)

#### OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Sandy, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sandy, Oregon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sandy, Oregon's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

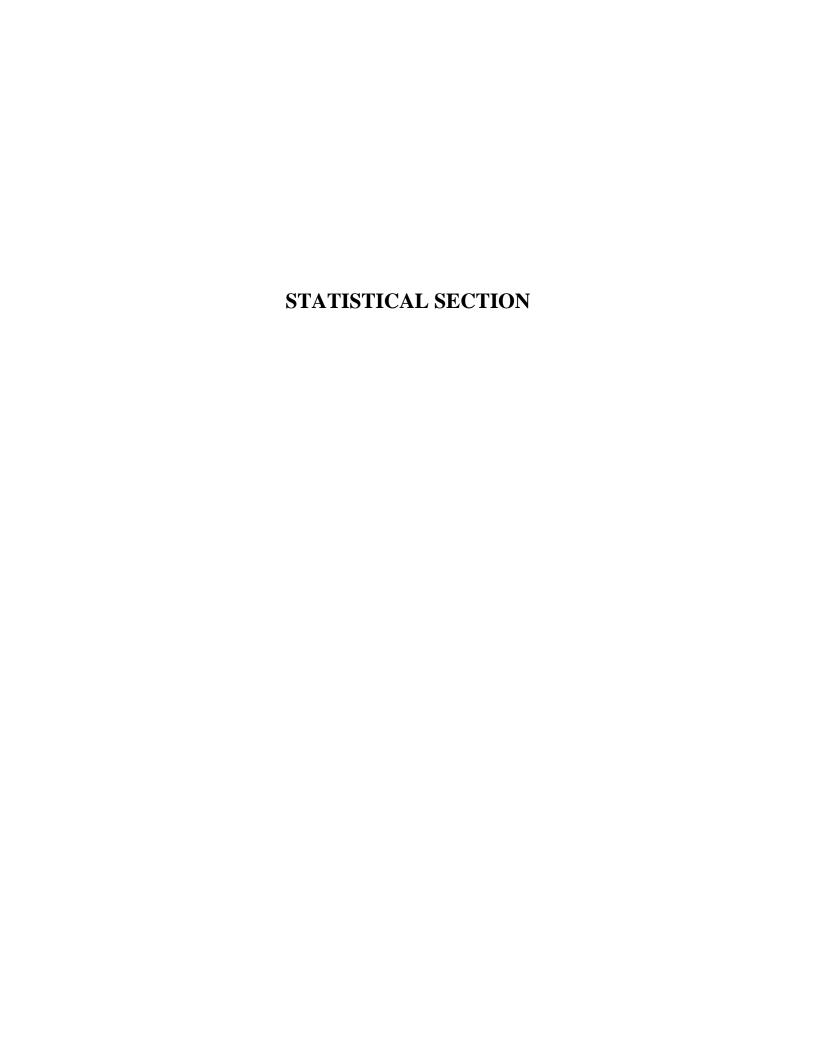
Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon December 30, 2019

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#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Government's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall

#### Contents

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

# **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

## **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

					Fiscal Year	(in thousand	s)			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 14,792	\$ 17,295	\$ 20,290	\$ 20,840	\$ 20,935	\$ 20,860	\$ 20,958	\$ 13,474	\$ 21,269	\$ 21,021
Restricted	226	1,041	1,401	1,669	2,565	3,872	5,065	11,389	9,962	9,278
Unrestricted	4,418	2,755	1,987	2,247	3,127	3,693	2,529	2,343	(1,390)	952
Total governmental activities net positon	19,436	21,090	23,678	24,756	26,627	28,425	28,553	27,207	29,842	31,251
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	10,811	10,895	10,640	11,209	11,534	12,026	12,114	11,671	11,457	11,525
Restricted	799	652	717	701	717	790	374	242	167	1,736
Unrestricted	4,882	5,080	4,874	3,366	2,893	2,672	2,737	2,761	2,990	1,626
Total business-type activities net position	16,492	16,627	16,231	15,276	15,144	15,488	15,226	14,674	14,615	14,887
Primary government										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	25,604	28,189	30,930	32,049	32,469	32,885	33,072	25,145	32,727	32,546
Restricted	1,024	1,693	2,118	2,371	3,282	4,663	5,440	11,632	10,129	11,014
Unrestricted	9,300	7,835	6,861	5,613	6,020	6,365	5,266	5,104	1,600	2,578
Total primary government net positon	\$ 35,928	\$ 37,717	\$ 39,909	\$ 40,032	\$ 41,771	\$ 43,914	\$ 43,778	\$ 41,881	\$ 44,457	\$ 46,139

	Fiscal Year (in thousands)									
Expenses	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 1,788	\$ 1,769	\$ 1,563	\$ 1,380	\$ 1,142	\$ 775	\$ 1,914	\$ 2,080	\$ 1,037	\$ 2,065
Highways and streets	699	783	629	1,080	727	937	1,133	949	751	1,049
Public transportation	1,132	1,201	1,243	1,324	1,321	1,315	1,336	1,343	1,492	1,489
Economic development	531	654	842	878	954	1,075	975	3,530	912	1,261
Public safety	1,926	1,851	2,147	2,301	2,537	2,161	3,602	3,076	3,286	3,323
Culture and recreation	1,682	1,760	1,929	2,133	2,156	1,860	2,660	2,586	2,796	2,954
Interest on long-term debt	162	170	205	159	142	68	63	128	264	244
Total Governmental Activities	7,920	8,188	8,558	9,255	8,979	8,191	11,683	13,692	10,538	12,387
Business-type activities:										
Water	941	954	1,133	1,843	1,104	1,485	1,739	1,694	1,653	1,622
Sewer	1,239	1,304	1,364	1,344	1,341	1,350	1,628	1,588	1,755	1,782
Stormwater	103	129	161	185	193	180	288	232	289	308
Telecommunications	333	435	562	563	737	528	1,077	1,619	1,542	1,662
Total Business-type Activities	2,616	2,822	3,220	3,935	3,374	3,542	4,731	5,132	5,240	5,374
Total Expenses	\$ 10,536	\$ 11,010	\$ 11,778	\$ 13,190	\$ 12,354	\$ 11,733	\$ 16,414	\$ 18,825	\$ 15,777	\$ 17,761
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 251	\$ 647	\$ 419	\$ 494	\$ 147	\$ 751	\$ 260	\$ 580	\$ 635	\$ 651
Highways and streets	185	210	913	707	202	316	418	227	645	605
Public transportation	11	12	13	12	125	136	121	111	88	84
Economic development	154	155	96	127	268	268	454	543	334	382
Public safety	171	171	22	20	591	591	734	265	786	391
Culture and recreation	234	171	231	285	358	122	340	390	136	230
Operating grants and contributions	881	586	2,196	853	831	1,385	1,087	216	251	131
Capital grants and contributions	836	1,209	303	509	254	254		1,423	1,150	1,334
Total Governmental Activities	2,722	3,160	4,193	3,007	2,776	3,822	3,413	3,753	4,025	3,808

	Fiscal Year (in thousands)										
Business-type Activity:	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Charges for services:											
Water	1,142	1,044	1,088	1,250	1,309	1,405	1,767	1,478	1,775	1,867	
Sewer	1,187	1,097	1,253	1,182	1,208	1,343	1,392	1,406	1,653	1,700	
Stormwater	194	201	201	218	217	219	231	240	248	256	
Telecommunications	186	250	368	453	552	635	1,094	1,339	1,507	1,620	
Operating grants and contributions		413	96	-	-	363	16				
Total Business-Type Activity	2,709	3,005	3,006	3,103	3,286	3,965	4,499	4,462	5,183	5,444	
Total Program Revenues	\$ 5,430	\$ 6,166	\$ 7,198	\$ 6,109	\$ 6,063	\$ 7,787	\$ 7,912	\$ 8,215	\$ 9,208	\$ 9,251	
Net (Expense)/Revenue											
Governmental Activities	\$ (5,198)	\$ (5,028)	\$ (4,366)	\$ (6,248)	\$ (6,203)	\$ (4,369)	\$ (8,270)	\$ (9,939)	\$ (6,513)	\$ (8,579)	
Business-type Activity	93	183	(215)	(833)	(88)	423	(232)	(670)	(56)	69	
Total Net Expense	\$ (5,105)	\$ (4,845)	\$ (4,580)	\$ (7,081)	\$ (6,291)	\$ (3,946)	\$ (8,502)	\$(10,609)	\$ (6,569)	\$ (8,510)	
General Revenues and Other Chang Governmental Activities: Taxes:											
Property taxes	\$ 3,445	\$ 3,555	\$ 3,735	\$ 3,779	\$ 3,965	\$ 4,222	\$ 4,428	\$ 4,611	\$ 4,875	\$ 5,078	
Public service taxes	2,082	2,349	2,512	2,667	2,630	2,800	3,081	3,085	3,251	3,488	
Franchise taxes	526	447	471	479	531	605	563	589	639	644	
Investment earnings	48	54	28	23	34	41	63	154	249	403	
Miscellaneous	208	122	115	218	832	278	90	133	237	261	
Transfers	(2)	156	92	167	117	80	171	21	119	113	
Total Governmental Activities	6,307	6,683	6,953	7,333	8,108	8,026	8,397	8,593	9,369	9,989	
Business-type Activity:											
Investment earnings	117	85	62	28	37	50	48	42	61	133	
Miscellaneous	83	23	56	33	103	153	92	97	98	183	
Transfers	2	(156)	(92)	(167)	(117)	(80)	(171)	(21)	(119)	(113)	
Total Business-type Activity	202	(49)	25	(106)	23	123	(30)	118	40	203	
Total Primary Government	\$ 6,509	\$ 6,634	\$ 6,978	\$ 7,227	\$ 8,131	\$ 8,149	\$ 8,366	\$ 8,712	\$ 9,410	\$ 10,192	
Change in Net Position											
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,109	\$ 1,655	\$ 2,588	\$ 1,085	\$ 1,905	\$ 3,658	\$ 127	\$ (1,346)	\$ 2,856	\$ 1,409	
Business-type Activity	295	135	(190)	(939)	(64)	546	(263)	(552)	(16)	272	
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,404	\$ 1,789	\$ 2,398	\$ 146	\$ 1,840	\$ 4,203	\$ (135)	\$ (1,897)	\$ 2,841	\$ 1,682	

	Fiscal Year (in thousands)																
	20	010	20	)11 <sup>1</sup>	2	2012	:	2013	:	2014	:	2015	- 2	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund																	
Restricted	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 2
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	63	-
Unreserved		1,552		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Unassigned		-		2,256		1,226		1,226		2,055		2,654		2,646	2,304	2,314	2,164
Total General Fund	\$	1,552	\$	2,256	\$	1,226	\$	1,226	\$	2,055	\$	2,654		2,646	\$ 2,304	\$ 2,379	\$ 2,166
All other governmental funds																	
Reserved	\$	226	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Non-spendable		-		33		33		36		35		8		-	-	-	-
Restricted		-		1,041		1,401		1,669		2,565		3,872		5,065	11,879	9,960	12,181
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Assigned		-		596		1,065		1,016		1,108		1,475		1,939	1,953	2,234	2,770
Unreserved, reported in:		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Special revenue funds		2,935		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Capital project funds		(212)		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Unassigned, reported in:		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Special revenue funds		-		-		(422)		(73)		-		-		-	-	15	-
Capital project funds		-		(209)		(228)		(181)		(307)		-		-	(10)	5	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$	2,948	\$	1,461	\$	1,849	\$	2,467	\$	3,401	\$	5,356	\$	7,004	\$ 13,822	\$ 12,214	\$ 14,951

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}\,$  Information in subsequent years is presented in accordance with GASB 54: Fund Balance

				Fiscal Year	(in thousand	ls)				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$ 3,424	\$ 3,564	\$ 3,696	\$ 3,774	\$ 3,978	\$ 4,214	\$ 4,412	\$ 4,604	\$ 4,843	\$ 5,231
Public service taxes	2,082	2,349	2,512	2,667	2,630	2,800	3,081	3,085	3,251	3,488
Franchise fees	526	447	471	479	531	605	579	591	641	647
Grants	1,715	1,186	2,466	1,182	1,112	1,747	851	1,388	1,076	1,210
Charges for services	350	398	306	910	752	1,004	1,124	1,056	1,057	720
Licenses and permits	157	455	158	167	243	358	347	414	392	404
Fines and forfeitures	230	268	241	305	313	277	270	246	182	213
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	9	36	64	19	32	18
System development charges	265	241	985	253	372	472	517	421	946	968
Interest	48	54	27	23	33	40	62	153	248	403
Contributions and donations	1	608	33	15	-	_	11	164	205	478
Miscellaneous	133	78	84	87	768	47	50	101	259	339
Payment in lieu of land dedication	75	43	31	131	65	232	45	-	-	-
Total Revenues	9,007	9,690	11,011	9,993	10,804	11,833	11,413	12,240	13,133	14,120
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	\$ 825	\$ 980	\$ 851	\$ 851	\$ 794	\$ 728	\$ 787	\$ 1,047	\$ 954	\$ 1,396
Highways and streets	576	650	489	932	544	484	721	718	596	893
Public transportation	961	1,016	1,041	1,093	1,096	1,102	1,037	1,114	1,256	1,322
Economic and physical development	483	480	662	697	761	837	807	837	905	1,076
Public safety	1,868	1,776	2,045	2,137	2,358	2,374	2,652	2,728	2,857	2,741
Culture and recreation	1,613	1,690	1,845	1,901	1,846	2,051	2,124	2,231	2,392	2,482
Capital outlay:	2,738	3,322	4,595	1,280	1,253	1,169	1,172	5,796	4,767	677
Debt Service:										
Principal	505	543	620	1,040	2,713	552	598	1,161	992	854
Interest	170	172	195	161	166	82	74	188	277	259
Total Expenditures	9,740	10,630	12,344	10,093	11,531	9,378	9,973	15,820	14,995	11,702
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	(733)	(940)	(1,333)	(99)	(726)	2,455	1,441	(3,580)	(1,862)	2,419
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	\$ 258	\$ 258	\$ 277	\$ 270	\$ 265	\$ 282	\$ 261	\$ 261	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,742
Transfers out	(382)	(102)	(288)	(103)	(343)	(202)	(198)	(348)	(1,410)	(1,735)
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	3	4
Proceeds from lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	320	-
Proceeds from bond	2,297	-	876	-	2,280	-	-	-	-	94
Proceeds from note				385	286		136	10,115		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,174	156	864	552	2,489	80	199	10,055	330	105
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,441	\$ (783)	\$ (469)	\$ 452	\$ 1,762	\$ 2,535	\$ 1,640	\$ 6,476	\$ (1,532)	\$ 2,524
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.75%	9.07%	9.89%	13.17%	27.30%	7.17%	7.37%	13.46%	13.44%	10.10%

Assessed Value							
As a Percentage							
of Estimated Value	Actual						
57.75%							
61.77%							
66.26%							
70.77%							
74.58%							
	As a Percent of Estimated Value 57.75% 61.77% 66.26% 70.77%						

Taxable

Fiscal Year Ended		Manufactured			Less Urban	Total Assessed	Total Direct Tax		of Estimated Actual
June 30	Real Property	Structure	Personal Property	Public Utility	Renewal Exess	Value	Rate	Total M5 Value	Value
2019	\$ 903,116,423	\$ 4,773,690	0 \$ 20,398,973	\$ 24,575,400	\$ 104,024,571	\$ 848,839,915	5.5260	\$ 1,469,956,872	57.75%
2018	857,082,927	4,497,275	5 19,402,085	28,696,572	97,517,601	812,161,258	5.5101	1,314,771,126	61.77%
2017	813,445,713	3,936,785	5 18,402,810	27,632,300	89,830,142	773,587,466	5.4849	1,167,454,337	66.26%
2016	771,821,532	3,580,913	3 17,849,834	24,394,900	87,184,331	730,462,848	5.5444	1,032,175,837	70.77%
2015	733,190,302	3,350,268	8 19,136,695	22,033,200	83,248,892	694,461,573	5.5588	931,218,558	74.58%
2014	698,952,246	3,270,24	1 17,205,910	19,987,180	76,680,367	662,735,210	5.5157	817,332,995	81.09%
2013	666,954,675	3,306,018	8 18,491,458	20,552,300	73,943,011	635,361,440	5.5258	776,203,139	81.86%
2012	654,881,300	3,251,093	3 17,820,060	22,712,390	70,662,947	628,001,896	5.4744	819,168,170	76.66%
2011	630,020,828	3,498,390	17,929,701	20,867,500	67,539,433	604,776,986	5.4605	862,772,904	70.10%
2010	604,737,137	4,545,224	18,847,145	21,402,130	63,734,945	585,796,691	5.4364	944,171,169	62.04%

Source: Clackamas County Assessor's Office



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# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON

# **Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments**

(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

# City of Sandy

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Fund	Urban Renewal	Total	Port of Portland	Clackamas County	Oregon Trail School District No. 46
2019	3.67	1.86	5.53	0.06	2.92	6.07
2018	3.67	1.84	5.51	0.06	2.92	6.16
2017	3.69	1.80	5.48	0.06	2.82	6.19
2016	3.68	1.87	5.54	0.06	2.81	6.16
2015	3.67	1.88	5.56	0.06	2.81	6.21
2014	3.69	1.83	5.52	0.06	2.82	6.25
2013	3.69	1.84	5.53	0.06	2.81	6.28
2012	3.70	1.78	5.47	0.06	2.82	6.23
2011	3.70	1.76	5.46	0.06	2.81	6.20
2010	3.71	1.73	5.44	0.06	2.83	6.23
2009	3.72	1.41	5.13	0.06	2.44	3.92

# **Overlapping Rates**

Mt. Hood Community College	Clackamas County ESD	Vector Control	Fire District No. 72	Clackamas County Urban Renewal	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
0.44	0.33	0.03	1.94	0.0055	17.32
0.44	0.33	0.03	1.94	0.0051	17.40
0.44	0.33	0.03	1.95	0.0047	17.31
0.44	0.33	0.03	1.94	0.0039	17.32
0.44	0.33	0.03	1.94	0.0034	17.37
0.44	0.33	0.03	1.95	0.0031	17.40
0.44	0.32	0.03	1.95	0.1248	17.54
0.44	0.32	0.03	1.95	0.1191	17.45
0.44	0.32	0.03	1.95	0.1349	17.42
0.44	0.33	0.03	1.96	0.1352	17.45
0.42	0.33	0.03	1.97	0.3698	14.67

2019 2010

Taxpayer	Tax	able Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Tax	able Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
FRED MEYER STORES INC	\$	22,428,481	1	2.35%	\$	14,584,003	1	2.25%
ACS SANDY MARKETPLACE		10,878,017	2	1.14%		8,174,772	2	1.26%
JAKSISH PROPERTIES LLC		8,830,320	3	0.93%		6,597,657	4	1.02%
SANDY SAFEWAY CENTER LLC		8,493,868	4	0.89%		6,552,438	5	1.01%
PORTLAND GENERAL ELEC CO		7,574,000	5	0.79%		7,677,848	3	1.18%
COLONY NORTHSTAR INC		6,396,428	6	0.67%		5,247,584	6	0.81%
CASCADE CREST APARTMENTS LLC		6,343,312	7	0.67%		5,007,468	8	0.77%
PLR PROPERTIES LLC		6,031,992	8	0.63%				
VENTAS INC		6,011,771	9	0.63%				
NORTHWEST NATURAL GAS CO		5,664,000	10	0.59%		5,153,000	7	0.79%
FRONTIER COMMUNICATIONS						4,851,100	9	0.75%
VENTAS INC			=			4,745,748	10	0.73%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	88,652,189	=	9.30%	\$	68,591,618	<b>=</b> :	10.56%

Source: Clackamas County Assessor's Office

		 	l with the ar of Levy			Total Collections To Date			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	tal Tax Levy Fiscal year	Amount Percentage of Collected Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years		Amo	ount Collected	Percentage of Levy	
2019	\$ 5,265,841	\$ 5,035,622	95.63%	\$	178,595	\$	5,214,217	99.02%	
2018	5,012,256	4,772,432	95.22%		63,802		4,836,235	96.49%	
2017	4,733,648	4,515,453	95.39%		88,440		4,603,893	97.26%	
2016	4,540,854	4,318,289	95.10%		82,971		4,401,260	96.93%	
2015	4,328,297	4,110,192	94.96%		94,287		4,204,479	97.14%	
2014	4,065,109	3,853,063	94.78%		105,515		3,958,578	97.38%	
2013	3,882,695	3,660,054	94.27%		100,847		3,760,901	96.86%	
2012	3,821,943	3,590,784	93.95%		93,767		3,684,551	96.41%	
2011	3,674,144	3,438,155	93.58%		113,452		3,551,607	96.66%	
2010	3,533,039	3,308,913	93.66%		104,885		3,413,798	96.62%	

Source: Clackamas County Assessor's Office

		Government	tal Activities		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Local Improvement District Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	Leases and Notes Payable	Leases and Notes Payable	Bonds Payable	Total Outstanding Debt	Population <sup>1</sup>	Per Capita
2019	\$ 9,140,187	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 922,483	\$ 8,496,730	\$ 8,236,843	26,796,243	10,990	2,438
2018	9,792,045	-	-	1,030,752	8,815,231	8,583,137	28,221,165	10,855	2,600
2017	971,430	-	-	10,523,709	8,837,650	8,968,187	29,300,976	10,655	2,750
2016	1,419,788	-	-	1,121,375	9,174,600	9,103,043	20,818,806	10,395	2,003
2015	1,846,624	-	-	1,156,297	9,501,409	9,256,628	21,760,958	9,990	2,178
2014	2,243,584	-	-	1,311,819	9,916,536	9,182,865	22,654,804	9,990	2,268
2013	2,584,285	-	-	1,192,331	7,025,861	1,080,000	11,882,477	9,880	1,203
2012	-	3,589,450	-	857,473	4,703,579	-	9,150,502	9,780	936
2011	-	4,184,455	-	26,746	4,202,822	_	8,414,023	9,570	879
2010	-	4,739,460	-	34,753	4,487,257	-	9,261,470	8,205	1,129

Fiscal Year	Population	Total Taxable Assessed Value	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Debt to Value of Property	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Value
2019	10,990	\$ 848,839,915	\$ 9,140,187	1.08%	832
2018	10,855	812,161,258	9,792,045	1.21%	902
2017	10,655	773,587,466	971,430	0.13%	91
2016	10,395	730,462,848	1,419,788	0.19%	137
2015	10,395	694,461,573	1,846,624	0.27%	178
2014	9,990	662,735,210	2,243,584	0.34%	225
2013	9,880	635,361,440	2,584,285	0.41%	262
2012	9,780	628,001,896	3,184,895	0.51%	326
2011	9,570	604,776,986	3,745,505	0.62%	391
2010	8,205	585,796,691	4,266,115	0.73%	520

Source: Current and prior years' financials, Clackamas County Assessor's Office, and Center of Population Research and Census at Portland State University

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# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

Government Unit:	erty Tax-Backed Debt	Percentage Applicable to City	Obli	oss General gation Bonded t Outstanding
Clackamas County	\$ 129,945,000	1.86%	\$	2,419,836
Mt. Hood Community College	53,819,068	3.05%		1,640,244
Clackamas County ESD	20,970,000	1.95%		409,733
Clackamas County SD 46 (Oregon Trail)	87,695,487	28.52%		25,012,331
Port of Portland	58,452,781	0.41%		237,552
Clackamas Soil & Water Conservation	 6,815,000	1.86%		126,909
Subtotal, overlapping debt	357,697,336			29,846,605
City of Sandy, direct debt	 10,062,670	100.00%		10,062,670
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 367,760,006		\$	39,909,275

Source: Oregon State Treasury

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part with geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City of Sandy. This process recognized that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden by the property taxpayers should be taken into account.

# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON

## **Demographics and Economic Statistics**

# Last Ten Fiscal Years <sup>1</sup>

			Per capita	
		Personal	personal	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Population 1	Income 2	income 3	Rate 4
2019	10,990	N/A	N/A	3.70%
2018	10,855	N/A	N/A	3.90%
2017	10,655	23,220,274	56,268	3.90%
2016	10,395	20,965,832	51,379	4.80%
2015	10,395	20,125,378	50,169	5.40%
2014	9,990	18,748,588	47,550	6.30%
2013	9,880	17,863,812	46,041	7.30%
2012	9,780	17,811,472	46,464	8.20%
2011	9,570	16,659,841	43,886	9.10%
2010	8,205	15,759,185	41,809	10.20%

#### Source:

- 1 Portland State University, 2018 Oregon Population Report (Sandy), FY 2018 Population Figure from Portland State University, 2018 Oregon Population
- 2 Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) (Clackamas County in thousands of dollars)
- 3 Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) (Clackamas County)
- 4 Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) (Clackamas County not seasonally adjusted)

N/A - Information not available.

	2019				2010*			
Employer <sup>1</sup>	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	
Oregon Trail School District	448	1	9.6%					
Fred Meyer #663	202	2	4.3%	Information	on for 2009-2010 i	is not read	lily available	
Mt. Hood Corporations, Inc.	117	3	2.5%					
City of Sandy	87	4	1.9%					
Johnson RV	66	5	1.4%					
Safeway	64	6	1.4%					
Avamere at Sandy	57	7	1.2%					
Cascadia Village Retirement Community	54	8	1.2%					
Suburban Ford	53	9	1.1%					
Tollgate Inn, Inc.	51	10	1.1%					
Total	1199		25.8%					

#### Source:

<sup>1</sup> Business License Data, Oregon Trail School District

<sup>\*</sup> Data unavailable prior to 2012

# CITY OF SANDY, OREGON Full-time Equivalent City Government By Functions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	F	une 30			
	2011-13	2013-15	2015-17	2017-19	2019-21
FUNCTION					
Government activities:					
General Government	6.0	6.3	6.7	6.4	6.5
Public Safety					
Police					
Officers	14.0	14.0	16.0	16.0	16.0
Civilians	3.0	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.8
Economic Development	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.8
Planning & Development	4.6	3.9	4.6	4.5	5.1
Urban Renewal	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.6
Culture & Recreation					
Library	12.6	13.2	13.6	13.8	13.8
Recreation & Senior Center	5.7	6.4	6.0	6.0	6.0
Parks Maintenance	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	3.1
Highways & Streets	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.6
Public Transportation	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.8	2.8
<b>Business-type activities:</b>					
Water	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.8
Sewer	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.8
Stormwater	0.7	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.5
Telecommunications	2.2	2.2	6.1	6.1	6.1
Total	61.4	64.1	71.0	72.8	74.2

Source: Various City Departments

		Fiscal Year									
_	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Function											
Police											
Physical arrests	727	618	723	620	876	650	371	218	472	411	
Parking violations	57	79	114	420	105	150	152	128	117	141	
Traffic violations	1,481	1,696	1,563	1,197	1,154	1,011	1,664	405	710	1,217	
Highways and streets											
Street resurfacing (SF)	469,530	-	611,076	111,440	184,000	73,972	296,631	-	-	1,034,752	
Water											
Meter connections	3,312	3,337	3,357	3,455	3,460	3,637	3,729	3,779	3,850	3,900	
Average daily consumption (gallons)	1,119,488	1,028,334	1,081,000	1,068,000	824,887	930,000	1,190,000	1,200,000	1,135,000	956,000	
Wastewater Average daily sewage treatment											
(gallons)	1,277,068	1,378,795	1,245,000	1,460,000	1,302,550	1,360,000	1,488,000	1,600,000	1,126,000	1,400,000	

Source: Various City Departments

Fiscal Year

FUNCTION	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Government Activities:										
Public Safety										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Highways and streets										
Streets (miles)	34	34	34	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Culture and recreation										
Parks acreage	165	165	165	165	172	172	172	172	212	212
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>										
Water Maximum daily capacity										
(gallons)	2,900,000	2,900,000	2,900,000	2,900,000	3,700,000	3,700,000	3,700,000	3,700,000	3,700,000	3,700,000
Sewer	_,, ,	_,, ,	_,, ,	_,, ,	2,,,,,,,,	2,,,,,,,,	2, ,	2,,,,,,,,	2,,	2,,,,,,,,,
Maximum wet weather										
treatment capacity (gallons)	1,850,000	1,850,000	1,850,000	1,850,000	1,8500,00	1,850,000	1,850,000	1,850,000	1,850,000	1,850,000

Source: Various City Departments



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